



**ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS, LEAD-BASED PAINT and MOLD SURVEY**

**KING FARM FARMSTEAD PROPERTY  
16100 FREDERICK ROAD  
ROCKVILLE, MD**

**ECS PROJECT NO. 13-6529**

**FOR**

**CITY OF ROCKVILLE**

**JANUARY 15, 2015**



January 15, 2015

Mr. Mauricio Daza  
City of Rockville  
Parks and Facilities Department Specialist  
111 Maryland Avenue  
Rockville, Maryland 20850

ECS Project #13-6529

Reference: Asbestos Containing Materials, Lead Based Paint and Mold Survey, King Farm Farmstead Property, 16100 Frederick Road, Rockville, Maryland

Dear Mr. Daza:

ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (ECS) is pleased to provide you with the results of the above referenced survey for the subject. This work was performed in conformance with ECS proposal 13-7638-EP dated August 27, 2014 as well as the terms and conditions of contract 12-12 (category N).

### **BACKGROUND**

The subject consists of seven buildings associated with the King Farm Farmstead property. The buildings include a house (building 1), garage (building 2), two connected dairy barns (buildings 3 and 4), horse barn (building 5), and two tenant houses (buildings 6 and 7). At the time of the study, the buildings were unoccupied although buildings 3, 5 and 7 were being utilized by Bikes for the World and the City of Rockville; however, we understand the buildings are currently vacant. For the purposes of consistency, ECS will reference the building numbers as previously outlined in the Property Condition Assessment prepared by Wheeler Goodman Masek, dated July 3, 2014, included in the appendix and found on the city website at [www.rockvillemd.gov](http://www.rockvillemd.gov).

### **SCOPE OF WORK AND METHODOLOGY**

The survey work was performed on September 29, 2014. Our services included a renovation-scope survey for asbestos-containing materials (ACMs), lead-based paint (LBP) screening, and a general mold survey.

Due to the nature of an asbestos assessment and the inability and impracticality of accessing all hidden locations, some areas/materials were deemed inaccessible and/or not surveyed. These

areas included the roofs of the structures as well as some windows that were boarded, notably building 2's garage windows which were boarded. It should be noted that roofs were observed to be metal, with exception to the main house (building 1). ECS understands the house roof was recently replaced. The ACM & LBP survey was performed by licensed MD technicians.

A total of 120 suspect ACMs were sampled and analyzed for asbestos content. Samples included drywall, joint compound, skimcoat, plaster, mastics, furnace flue mud, pipe elbow mud, caulks, glazing, and multiple floor tiles, etc.

### **Lead-Based Paint**

Based on the scope of services, the purpose of the screening was to evaluate accessible portions of the interior and exterior of the six structures associated with the King Farm for the possible presence of Lead-Based Paint (LBP). The LBP Screening included the visual assessment of readily accessible representative painted surfaces on and within the structures, which have the possible presence of lead. It should be noted that the roofs and portions of the structures that had been boarded were not accessible.

The LBP Screening was performed utilizing an Innov-X Systems Alpha-4000 Series direct-read X-ray fluorescence (XRF) spectrum analyzer to determine the presence of lead-based paint components. By emitting radiation, the spectrum analyzer is able to determine the presence of lead within painted components. To document that the XRF was functioning properly, calibration readings and standardization readings were collected in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

An LBP is defined by the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) as any paint, glaze, and other coating, which contain greater than 0.7 milligram per centimeter squared ( $\text{mg}/\text{cm}^2$ ) of lead by area.

Approximately 300 painted surfaces were evaluated. The following table summarizes the location and description of the LBP surfaces identified. A copy of the survey log is included as an attachment to this report.

### **Mold Survey**

#### **BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

Based on recent discussions, it is understood that the Mold Survey is in response to observed suspect mold in portions of the site. ECS performed a visual survey for obvious areas of mold growth and/or water damaged materials within the project area. In addition, ECS performed sampling and laboratory analysis for mold.

#### **SITE OBSERVATIONS**

On-site visual observations and testing services were performed by Michael Smith and Erik Schaberl of ECS on September 29 and 30, 2014, to evaluate the on-site conditions. The weather

on the date of our survey was warm and sunny. The residential structures (buildings 1, 2, 6, and 7) exhibited typical interior building materials, electrical and mechanical components, including plaster and drywall finished walls, concrete floor, and a heating, ventilation, and/or air-conditioning (HVAC) systems. The barns (buildings 3, 4, and 5) were generally wood framed structures, with metal roofs and partial dirt floors and concrete floors.

During our site visit, ECS performed a cursory visual evaluation of the buildings exterior from the ground level. ECS observed the exterior of the buildings for site drainage and visual evidence of irregular building conditions or obvious signs of malfunctioning building components. Most notably, roof damage was observed in the garage (building 2) and tenant house (building 6). As a result, evidence of moisture and mold growth intrusion was observed.

ECS also collected moisture readings utilizing an Extech MO220 moisture meter to check for elevated moisture in building materials. Elevated moisture content (greater than 1 percent) was not observed at the time of our assessment.

#### Summary of Indoor Air Screening

ECS screened readily accessible areas of the project area using a Fluke Model 971 Temperature and Humidity Meter. The findings of our study were compared to the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) recommended conditions.

The current ASHRAE recommended temperature and humidity levels for optimum comfort are 70°F to 79°F and 30% to 60%, respectively.

ECS observed temperature ranging between 70.4-75.2°F and relative humidity levels between 65.4-69.3 percent in the buildings. For comparison purposes, ECS observed an average temperature of 78°F and an average relative humidity level of 69 percent outside. Based on the collected data, temperature levels within the facility were within the recommended comfort range at the time of our assessment. Relative humidity appears to be elevated in the residential structures. It should be noted that the HVAC systems did not appear to be operating at the time of our assessment.

#### Fungal Spore-Trap Collection

Because of the ubiquity of fungi, samples collected from suspect areas are evaluated against samples collected from non-suspect areas or from outdoors. Identification of fungi to genus level is necessary in this evaluation to determine if indoor air is influenced by interior contamination. Generally, the genus of fungi collected from indoor air should be similar to those of outdoor air and be present at lower levels. Indoor levels of similar genera detected at higher concentrations than that detected outside, may indicate inadequate filtration. Levels of fungi indoors of different genera from outdoors can indicate possible interior substrates with fungal reservoirs.

Non-cultured techniques are useful to identify fungi species that are not readily identifiable in culture analysis (e.g., *Stachybotrys* sp.) due to slow growth; therefore, ECS collected indoor and outdoor non-cultured spore-trap samples to achieve a representation of fungi present at the site.

The samples were collected for direct microscopic fungal spore analysis from interior and exterior areas of the building, and the relative humidity was recorded at the time of sampling.

The samples were submitted to EMSL Analytical, Inc. in Cinnaminson, New Jersey for laboratory analysis and chain-of-custody protocol. It should be noted that sample locations/descriptions within the report may be modified from the original sample identification given on the chain-of-custody in order to clarify the samples actual location (i.e., more descriptive). The analytical results and chain of custody are included as an attachment to this report.

To date, action levels have not been established for particulate concentration levels identified on spore-trap cassettes; however, comparative spore type concentrations are made between indoor "subject areas" and "non-subject" areas in and/or outside of the building. This determines the possibility of indoor particulate accumulation from outdoor conditions and/or indoor reservoirs of spores. Spore trap sampling typically detects airborne fungal spores, hyphal fragments, pollen, skin fragments, fibrous particulate and insect fragments.

For air sample collection, a high volume calibrated sampling pump and AllergencoD™ cassettes were utilized in sampling for non-viable airborne fungi spores. Samples were collected with an air flow of 15 liters/minute for approximately 5 minutes for interior and exterior samples, unless otherwise specified on the chain-of-custody.

ECS collected one (1) spore trap sample from within each building for a total of seven (7) interior samples to identify elevated levels of fungal spores. Sample locations are designated as KF-1 through KF-9. In addition, two (2) spore traps were collected outside to provide background/comparison concentrations. The aforementioned spore traps were collected and laboratory analyzed for non-viable spores. In summary, the results of the air sampling revealed that overall airborne fungal spore levels inside the buildings were less than or similar to ambient levels identified exterior of the buildings. However, the spore trap sampling identified counts of *Aspergillum/Penicillium* (common molds) in the basement of the house higher than those identified exterior of the house. In addition, the spore trap sample collected from the Dairy Barn (building 3), contained counts of *Ascospores (common fungi)* higher than those identified exterior of the buildings.

One non-cultured fungal swab/bulk samples was in the suspect areas in each of the buildings. When obvious mold growth was not observed (buildings 3, 4, 5, and 7), a common building material capable of supporting mold growth was swabbed. Additionally, these samples were analyzed for total spore concentrations in accordance to the laboratory's quantification methods. The samples were submitted to EMSL Analytical, Inc. in Cinnaminson, New Jersey for laboratory analysis and chain-of-custody protocol. In general, the presence of mold was confirmed, with the highest concentrations exhibited in the house (building 1), Garage (building 2), and tenant house (building 6). The lab results are included in the appendix.

**Summary Table**

<b>Location</b>	<b>ACM</b>	<b>LBP</b>	<b>Significant Mold</b>
House (building 1)	X	X	X
Garage (building 2)	X	X	X
Dairy Barn (buildings 3-4)	X	X	
Horse Barn (building 5)		X	
Tenant House (building 6)	X	X	X
Tenant House (building 7)		X	

X=item identified

ACM= Asbestos Containing Material

LBP= Lead-Based Paint

**BUILDING RESULTS OVERVIEW**

**House (Building 1):**

**Asbestos Containing Materials-House (Building 1)**

Material	Description	Location	Friable/Non-Friable
Leveling compound	Gray/tan	Sun room next to kitchen, under vinyl floor by ext. door	Non-Friable
Remnant. pipe elbow mud	Gray	Basement pipe elbows	Friable
Furnace flue mud	Gray	Basement furnace	Friable

Friable= can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder with hand pressure when dry (more likely to become airborne).

**Lead Based Paint- House (Building 1)- Detections above the MD Standard**

Location	Wall/Color	Component	Substrate	Lead Content mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Exterior Kitch Window	C/White	Window Frame	Wood	1.97,>5,>5
Exterior Sunroom Door	C/White	Screen Door, Door Jamb, Main Door	Wood	0.05,1.49, ND
Exterior Kitch and DR	C,C,B/Green	Shutters	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Exterior Foundation	C,B,A/Green	Foundation, Foundation, Brick Column	Stone/Brick	>5,>0.95,>.7
Exterior Siding	C,D,A/White	Clapboard Siding	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Rear Entrance	C,C,C/Gray	Stair Tread and Riser	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Kitch, DR, LR, SR	D,A,B,C/White	Window Sill	Wood	ND,1.06,0.14,0.04
Kitch, DR, LR, SR	D,A,B,C/White	Window Trim	Wood	ND,1.24,ND,0.49
Kitch, DR, LR	D,A,B/White	Plaster Wall	Plaster	>1.38,0.46,0.35
DR, LR, Foyer	A,BA/White	Base Board	Wood	>0.88,0.55,0.44
LR, LR, LR	D,D,D/White	Mantle	Wood	0.79,0.68,0.43
Powder Room	A,B,C/Pink	Walls	Ceramic	>5,>5,>5
Bedroom 5, 3, and 1	A,D,B/White	Doors	Wood	>5, 0.48,0.36
Bedroom 5, 3, and 1	B,B,D/White	Baseboards	Wood	>0.7,0.45,0.22
Bedroom 5, 3, and 1	C,B,D/White	Walls	Drywall	>0.7,ND,0.12
Bedroom 1 attached Bathroom	C,B,C/Green	Walls	Ceramic	1.55,2.10,2.54
Second Floor Bathroom	A,B,C/White	Walls	Ceramic	3.40,2.93,3.06

mg/cm<sup>2</sup> = milligrams per square centimeter LR= Living Room, Kitch= Kitchen, DR= Dining Room, FL= Floor, A/B/C/D= room orientation ID, Maryland defines a LBP as greater than 0.7 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Mold- House (Building 1)**

<b>Building</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Observation</b>
1-House	Basement	Mold growth on wood wall paneling

The spore trap sampling identified counts of *Aspergillum/Penicillium* in the basement of the house higher than those identified exterior of the house. The mold swab test identified high concentrations of *diplococcium* on the wood paneling in the basement. Moisture intrusion is apparent in the basement and mold colonization is evident along the wood paneling of the northern room, which is approximately 15' x20'. ECS recommends a mold abatement contractor remove mold impacted building materials. Subsequent to the mold abatement, outside drainage issues (grading) need to be corrected to prevent future moisture intrusion. In addition, the sub-wall should not be re-paneled or otherwise covered with material that can support mold growth.

**Hazardous Material Removal Cost and Prioritization**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>Abatement Estimate</b>
Mold	Moderate	\$5,000
Asbestos Containing Material	Moderate	\$10,000
Lead-based Paint	Low	\$0*

\*Disturbance of lead paint recommendations included on page 15.



**Garage- Building 2**

**Asbestos Containing Material-Garage (building 2)**

Material	Description	Location	Friable/non-Friable
Floor Tile & Mastic	9"x9" White/green	2 <sup>nd</sup> floor hall and bathroom under vinyl floor	Non-Friable
Floor Tile & Mastic	9"x9" Black	2 <sup>nd</sup> floor hall	Non-Friable

Friable= can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder with hand pressure when dry (more likely to become airborne).

**Lead Based Paint-Garage (building 2) - Detections above the MD Standard**

Location	Wall/Color	Component	Substrate	Lead Content mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Exterior Garage Door	A,A,A/White	Door, Door Frame	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Exterior Siding	A,B,C/White	Clapboard Siding	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Exterior Doors Garage, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Fl and Smokehouse	A,A,D/White	Door Frames	Wood	0.04,>5,0.12
Exterior Doors Garage, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Fl and Smokehouse	A,A,D/White	Doors	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Interior Doors 2 <sup>nd</sup> Fl Entrance, Kitch, and Bedroom	A,C,C/White	Doors	Wood	>5,>5,4.32
Hallway, Bath, Kitch	C,A,A/Tan	Window Frames	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Hallway, Bath, Kitch	C,A,A/Tan	Window Trim	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Hallway, Bath, Kitch	C,A,A/Tan	Window Sill	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Hallway, Bath, Kitch	C,A,A/Tan	Baseboard	Wood	>5,>5,4.41

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**Mold-Garage (building 2)**

Building	Location	Observation
2-Garage	Upstairs rooms	Collapsed ceiling, mold growth evident

The spore trap sampling identified counts of *Pithomyces* in the upstairs of the house higher than those identified exterior of the house. The mold swab test identified high concentrations of *Stachybotrys (black mold)* on the drywall upstairs. Structural damage including ceiling and wall collapse was observed in the interior of this building. This has caused obvious moisture intrusion and mold colonization rendering the building uninhabitable at this time. If the building is to be utilized in the future, ECS recommends a structural assessment be performed and repairs be made. Subsequently mold remediation of select building materials to include impacted drywall, plaster, lathe, and carpeting should be performed.

**Other:** Chemical Storage: ECS observed several 5-gallon buckets on the ground level of the Garage (building 2). The containers included three buckets of roof coating, 1 bucket of joint compound, and one bucket of wood primer. In addition, a quart container of paint thinner and a one gallon can of paint were observed.

ECS did not observe staining or evidence of leaks from the containers; however, they should be disposed of according to applicable rules and regulations. The City of Rockville may have a hazardous waste disposal program that could be utilized.

**Hazardous Material Removal Cost and Prioritization**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>Abatement Estimate</b>
Mold	High	\$10,000
Asbestos Containing Material	Low	\$5,000
Lead-based Paint	Low	\$0*

\*Disturbance of lead paint recommendations included on page 15.

**Dairy Barns, connectors and Milk-House (buildings 3 and 4)**

**Asbestos Containing Material-Dairy Barn (buildings 3 and 4)**

Material	Description	Location	Friable/non-Friable
Transite	Gray	Ceiling	Non-Friable

Friable= can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder with hand pressure when dry (more likely to become airborne).

**Lead Based Paint-Dairy Barn (building 3) - Detections above the MD Standard**

Location	Wall/Color	Component	Substrate	Lead Content mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Exterior Siding	A,D,C/White	Clapboard Siding	Wood	0.42,1.28,>5
Exterior Windows	A,D,C/White	Window Frame	Wood	ND,>5,0.12
Interior Doors	A,D,C	Door, Door, Door	Wood	ND,>5,2.53
Interior Windows	B,C,D/White	Window Frame	Wood	0.04,0.78,2,86
Interior Windows	B,C,D/White	Window Trim	Wood	>5,>5,>5

**Lead Based Paint-Dairy Barn (building 4)**

Location	Wall/Color	Component	Substrate	Lead Content mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Exterior Siding	A,A,C/White	Clapboard Siding	Wood	1.34,>5,2.34
Exterior Windows	A,A,C/White	Window Frame	Wood	0.53,1.23,0.12
Interior Doors	A,A,C/White	Door, Door, Door	Wood	3.89,>5,1.68
Interior Windows	B,B,D/White	Window Frames	Wood	>5,>5,>5

mg/cm<sup>2</sup> = milligrams per square centimeter LR= Living Room, Kitch= Kitchen, DR= Dining Room, FL= Floor, A/B/C/D= room orientation ID, Maryland defines a LBP as greater than 0.7 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Mold- Dairy Barn (buildings 3 and 4)**

Building	Location	Observation
3-Dairy	N/a	Not observed
4-Dairy	N/a	Not observed

As obvious evidence of mold was not observed, mold swabs from material capable of supporting mold growth were taken. Rare to low counts of various spores were identified on the wood framing within the buildings. The spore trap sample collected from the Dairy Barn (building 3), contained counts of *Ascospores* higher than those identified exterior of the buildings.

**Other:** It should be noted that a significant amount of bird feces were observed in the loft area of the dairy barns. If the building is to be occupied in the future, the feces should be removed and the entry point(s) for varmints sealed to prevent bird habitation.

ECS observed one 5-gallon bucket of “magnesium with sulphur” in the Dairy Barn (building 3).

ECS did not observe staining or evidence of leaks from the containers; however, they should be disposed of according to applicable rules and regulations. The City of Rockville may have a hazardous waste disposal program that could be utilized.

It should also be noted that the Property Condition Assessment prepared by WGM and dated July 3, 2014 references a “concrete containment tank” to be addressed by a hazardous materials survey. At the time of ECS’s site visit, an underground concrete tank with a metal tank within was observed west of buildings 3 and 4. This tank appears to be associated with a water holding cistern and is not believed to be nor consistent with typical petroleum storage tanks.

**Hazardous Material Removal Cost and Prioritization**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>Abatement Estimate</b>
Mold	N/A	\$0
Asbestos Containing Material	Low	\$6,000
Lead-based Paint	Low	\$0*

\*Disturbance of lead paint recommendations included on page 15.

**Horse Barn- Building 5**

**Asbestos Containing Material (ACM):** ACM was not identified for this building.

**Lead-Based Paint-Horse Barn (building 5) - Detections above the MD Standard**

Location	Wall/Color	Component	Substrate	Lead Content mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Exterior Siding	A,B,C/White	Clapboard Siding	Wood	>5,4.77,4.87
Interior Walls	A,B,C/White	Walls	Wood	1.29,1.41,1.49

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**Mold- Horse Barn (building 5)**

Building	Location	Observation
5-Horse Barn	N/a	Not observed

As obvious evidence of mold was not observed, mold swabs from material capable of supporting mold growth were taken. Rare to low counts of various spores were identified on the wood framing within the buildings. Spore trap sampling revealed indoor spore level less then outdoor levels.

**Hazardous Material Removal Cost and Prioritization**

Item	Priority	Abatement Estimate
Mold	N/A	\$0
Asbestos Containing Material	N/A	\$0
Lead-based Paint	Low	\$0*

\*Disturbance of lead paint recommendations included on page 15.

**Tenant House (Building 6):**

**Asbestos Containing Material-Tenant House (building 6)**

Material	Description	Location	Friable/non-Friable
Vinyl floor	Brick pattern	Northwest room, under carpet	Non-Friable

Friable= can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder with hand pressure when dry (more likely to become airborne).

**Lead Based Paint-Tenant House (building 6) - Detections above the MD Standard**

Location	Wall/Color	Component	Substrate	Lead Content mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Exterior Siding	A,D,C/White	Clapboard Siding	Wood	1.55,0.02,2.07
Exterior Windows	A,B,C/White	Clapboard Siding	Wood	1.31,0.07,0.06
Interior Windows Kitch, LR, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Fl	A,D,C/White	Window Trim	Wood	1.08,1.45,4.40
Interior Windows Kitch, LR, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Fl	A,D,C/White	Window Sill	Wood	0.98,1.1,1.6
Interior Windows Kitch, LR, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Fl	A,D,C/White	Window Frame	Wood	0.85,0.14,0.18
Kitch, LR, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Fl	A,D,C/White	Wall	Plaster	>0.7,0.01,>0.7
Kitch, LR, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Fl	-- /White	Ceiling	Plaster	>0.7, ND,0.01
Enclosed Porch Ceiling	-- / Gray	Ceiling Joist/Deck	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Hallway, Bath, Kitch	C,A,A/Tan	Baseboard	Wood	>5,>5,4.41

mg/cm<sup>2</sup> = milligrams per square centimeter LR= Living Room, Kitch= Kitchen, DR= Dining Room, FL= Floor, A/B/C/D= room orientation ID, Maryland defines a LBP as greater than 0.7 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Mold- Tenant House (building 6)**

Building	Location	Observation
6-Tenant House	Ground level	Significant mold growth on ceiling/walls

Structural damage including ceiling and wall collapse was observed in the interior in the room west of the kitchen, measuring approximately 10'x10'. This has caused obvious moisture intrusion and mold colonization. Mold swabs indicated high levels of *cladosporium*.

If the building is to be utilized in the future, ECS recommends repairs are made. Subsequently a mold remediation of select building materials to include impacted drywall, plaster, lathe, and carpeting should be performed.

**Hazardous Material Removal Cost and Prioritization**

Item	Priority	Abatement Estimate
Mold	High	\$15,000
Asbestos Containing Material	Low	\$5,000
Lead-based Paint	Low	\$0*

\*Disturbance of lead paint recommendations included on page 15.

**Tenant House-Building 7**

**Asbestos Containing Material (ACM):** ACM was not identified for this building.

**Lead Based Paint-Tenant House (building 7) - Detections above the MD Standard**

Location	Wall/Color	Component	Substrate	Lead Content mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Exterior Windows	A,B,C/White	Window Trim	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Exterior Doors	A,A,A/White	Door, Door Frame, Door Jamb	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Exterior Windows	A,B,C/White	Clapboard Siding	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Room 1, Room 2, Room 3	A,B,C/White	Baseboard	Wood	ND,0.07,>5
Room 1, Room 2, Room 3	D,A,B/White	Door Trim	Wood	0.98,1.1,1.6
Room 1, Room 2, Room 3	A,D,C/White	Window Frame	Wood	0.85,0.14,0.18
Room 1, Room 2, Room 3	A,D,C/White	Wall	Plaster	>0.7,0.01,>0.7
Room 1, Room 2, Room 3	-- /White	Ceiling	Plaster	>0.7, ND,0.01
Room 1, Room 2, Room 3	-- / Gray	Ceiling Joist/Deck	Wood	>5,>5,>5
Room 1, Room 2, Room 3	C,A,A/Tan	Baseboard	Wood	>5,>5,4.41

mg/cm<sup>2</sup> = milligrams per square centimeter LR= Living Room, Kitch= Kitchen, DR= Dining Room, FL= Floor, A/B/C/D= room orientation ID, Maryland defines a LBP as greater than 0.7 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Mold- Tenant House (building 7)**

Building	Location	Observation
7-Tenant House	Front office	Moisture intrusion under window

Rare to low counts of various mold spores were detected in the mold swab. Spore trap sampling revealed indoor spore level less then outdoor levels.

**Hazardous Material Removal Cost and Prioritization**

Item	Priority	Abatement Estimate
Mold	Low	\$0
Asbestos Containing Material	N/A	\$0
Lead-based Paint	Low	\$0*

\*Disturbance of lead paint recommendations included on page 15.

## **RECOMMENDATIONS**

### **Asbestos-containing materials**

Prior to any future reconstruction/remodeling that would affect the identified ACM, proper abatement would be required. The asbestos abatement should be performed by a licensed abatement contractor in accordance with both EPA and OSHA requirements. With regard to the actual abatement process, ECS recommends that the abatement be monitored by a qualified industrial hygiene professional to ensure that the abatement procedure and specifications are adhered to throughout the removal/disposal process. These services should include final certification/documentation that all necessary ACM has been removed and properly disposed of prior to initiation of any future reconstruction/remodeling process and/or building re-occupancy.

In their current condition, the identified ACMs would not be considered to represent a significant environmental concern to building occupants. However, if the materials will not be disturbed we recommend the preparation/implementation of an Operations and Maintenance Plan (O&M Plan). The purpose of the O&M Plan is to provide the occupants with specific procedures to reduce their exposure to asbestos and to provide measures to maintain those materials in their current condition.

### **Lead Based Paint**

In their current condition, most of the painted surfaces were intact. Some paints were peeling or damaged (i.e., rear entrance steps to the house); these damaged painted surfaces should be repaired or removed to reduce the potential for lead exposure. ECS also recommends that an Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Plan for LBP be developed and implemented for the facility. The purpose of the O&M Plan is to provide the occupants with specific procedures to reduce their exposure to LBP and to provide measures to maintain those materials in their current condition.

It is understood that renovations may be planned for the buildings. ECS recommends that contractors who will be removing the LBP components have, at a minimum; Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) approved training for handling lead paint. ECS also recommends that representative samples of the demolition/renovation waste stream be collected and analyzed using the EPA Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) analysis prior to disposal of waste stream debris from the site. A TCLP test can be expected to cost \$1,000. The purpose of the laboratory testing is to verify and document that the waste stream contains lead concentrations of less than five (5) parts per million (ppm). If the property will be utilized for residential purposes that may be child occupied, ECS recommends resampling prior to occupancy.

For the purposes of compliance with the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard under 29 CFR 1926.62, all painted surfaces within the building should be considered to potentially contain lead, as OSHA regulates all surfaces with detectable quantities of lead regardless of the reported amount detected as compared to the state or federal action levels.



Positive and negative results are based on HUD, EPA, and Maryland regulations. It is important to note that even if a component is negative based on HUD, EPA, and Maryland regulations, it may still contain concentrations of lead in the paint, which when disturbed, may generate lead dust greater than the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) or Action level (AL)) as an 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA) established by the OSHA "Lead Exposure in Construction Rule (29 CFR 1926.62)."

The OSHA standard gives no guidance on acceptable levels of lead in paint at which no exposure to airborne lead (above the action level) would be expected. Rather, OSHA defines airborne concentrations, and references specific types of work practices and operations from which a lead hazard may be generated (reference 29 CFR 1926.62, section d). Environmental and personnel monitoring should be conducted during any removal/demolition process (as appropriate) to verify that actual personal exposures are below the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL). Under OSHA requirements, the contractor performing the work will be required to conduct this monitoring and follow all of the other requirements found under 29 CFR 1926.62.

### **Mold**

The swab sample collected from the wood paneling in the basement of the house (building 1) contained high counts (greater than 1000 spores) of *diplococcium* and medium counts (101-1000) of *Stachybotrys* (black mold) in the upstairs bedroom of the Garage (building 2). High counts of *Cladosporium* were detected in Tenant House (building 6). Spore trap sampling identified counts of *Aspergillum/Penicillium* in the basement of the house (building 1) higher than those identified exterior of the house. In addition, the spore trap sample collected from the Dairy Barn (building 3), contained counts of *Ascospores* higher than those identified exterior of the buildings. If these buildings are to be occupied, ECS recommends the mold impacted areas be remediated by a licensed mold remediation contractor.

### **Hazardous Material Removal Cost Estimate and Summary**

At the request of the client, ECS is preparing this list prioritizing the removal of hazardous materials identified. It should be noted that the list is based on current risks and could change depending on future disturbance activities, proposed renovations and plans in the areas of the materials identified. The cost estimates provided herein are based solely on our experience with similar projects.

**1.) Tenant House (building 6):** Structural damage including ceiling and wall collapse was observed in the interior in the room west of the kitchen, measuring approximately 10'x10'. This has caused obvious moisture intrusion and mold colonization. If the building is to be utilized in the future, ECS recommends a structural assessment be performed and repairs be made. Subsequently a mold remediation of select building materials to include impacted drywall, plaster, lathe, and carpeting should be performed. The costs below are for mold remediation only. Although ACM and LBP were also identified in this structure, they do not appear to represent a risk under current conditions. If future plans include disturbance of ACM and LBP, they would need abated accordingly. As noted below, an O&M plan is recommended should they be left in place.

Mold Abatement: \$15,000 (3 days at \$5,000 per day. Includes contractor time, materials and consultant monitoring).

Asbestos Abatement: \$5,000 (1 day at \$5,000/day. Includes contractor time, materials and consultant monitoring).

Lead-Based Paint Abatement: O&M

**2.) Garage (building 2):** Structural damage including ceiling and wall collapse was observed in the interior of this building. This has caused obvious moisture intrusion and mold colonization.

If the building is to be utilized in the future, ECS recommends a structural assessment be performed and repairs be made. Subsequently mold remediation of select building materials to include impacted drywall, plaster, lathe, and carpeting should be performed. The costs below are for mold remediation only. Although ACM and LBP were also identified in this structure, they do not appear to represent a risk under current conditions. If future plans include disturbance of ACM and LBP, they would need abated accordingly. As noted below, an O&M plan is recommended should they be left in place.

Mold Abatement: \$10,000 (2 days at \$5,000 per day Includes contractor time, materials and consultant monitoring)

Asbestos Abatement: \$5,000 (1 day at \$5,000/day. Includes contractor time, materials and consultant monitoring).

**3.) House (building 1):** Moisture intrusion is apparent in the basement and mold colonization is evident along the wood paneling of the northern room, which is approximately 15' x20'. ECS recommends a mold abatement contractor remove select building materials. Subsequent to the mold abatement, outside drainage issues need to be corrected to prevent future moisture intrusion. In addition, the sub-wall should not be re-paneled or otherwise covered with material that can support mold growth.

Mold Abatement: \$5,000 (1 day @ \$5,000 per day. Includes contractor time, materials and consultant monitoring).

Asbestos Abatement: Friable ACM was identified, as previously noted, including remnant pipe elbow mud in the basement (40-50 EA) and furnace flue mud (2 SF) in the basement. ECS recommends proper abatement of the identified friable ACMs in accordance with state and federal regulations.

Asbestos Abatement: \$10,000 (2 days at \$5,000 per day).

Lead-Based Paint Abatement: O&M

**4.) Buildings 3 and 4 (Dairy barns, connectors and milk-house):**

Transite ceiling tiles were observed in the main dairy barn.

Asbestos Abatement: \$5,000 (1 day at \$5,000/day. Includes contractor time, materials and consultant monitoring).

Mold Abatement: No significant mold identified.

**4.) Tenant House (building 7):** Minor moisture intrusion was observed under the front office window, but no significant mold colonization was noted.

Asbestos Abatement: No ACM identified.

Lead-Based Paint Abatement: O&M

**6.) Hay Barn (Building 5):**

Lead-Based Paint Abatement: O&M

Mold Abatement: No significant mold identified.

Asbestos Abatement: No ACM identified.

**Other Considerations:**

**\*Asbestos and Lead O&M Plan:** If the identified ACMs and LBPs are to remain in place they should be managed under an O&M plan. The cost below is for development of the written O&M Plan.

- ACM and LBP O&M Plan (7 buildings) \$2,200
- LBP and ACM Abatement Specifications (7 buildings): \$3,500
- TCLP Test for waste characterization: \$1,000
- Lead-dust wipes (post renovation/ pre-occupancy):  
(\$15/wipe @ estimated 15 wipes per building (7 buildings): \$735  
(wipe collection and reporting): \$1,500

It should be noted that care should be taken to address the identified hazardous materials prior to disturbance activities including renovation and/or demolition. ECS was not provided with proposed site plans and therefore prioritized items based on the current state and condition observed at the time of the site visit. The cost estimates are based on similar projects and may vary depending on the contractor and final scope.

**LIMITATIONS**

The conclusions and recommendations presented within this report are based upon a reasonable level of assessment within normal bounds and standards of professional practice for a site in this particular geographic setting. ECS is not responsible or liable for the discovery and elimination of hazards that may potentially cause damage, accidents, or injuries.

The observations, conclusions, and recommendations pertaining to environmental conditions at the subject site are necessarily limited to conditions observed, and/or materials reviewed at the time this study was undertaken. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made with regard to the conclusions and recommendations presented within this report. This report is provided for the exclusive use of the City of Rockville. This report is not intended to be used or relied upon in connection with other projects or by other unidentified third parties without the written consent of ECS and the City of Rockville.

**It is understood that this was a non-invasive survey and additional materials may be present concealed behind solid walls or above solid ceilings. Discovery of any concealed or inaccessible materials is out of the scope of this study and additional sampling will be required to evaluate any newly discovered asbestos.**

During this study, suspect asbestos samples were submitted for analysis at an NVLAP-accredited laboratory via polarized light microscopy. LBP samples were measured using an

XRF. As with any similar survey of this nature, actual conditions exist only at the precise locations from which the samples were collected. Certain inferences are based on the results of this sampling and related testing to form a professional opinion of conditions in areas beyond those from which the samples were collected. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

Our recommendations are in part based on federal and local regulations and guidelines. ECS does not assume the responsibility of the person(s) in charge of the site, or otherwise undertake responsibility for reporting to any local, state, or federal public agencies any conditions at the site that may present a potential danger to public health, safety, or the environment. Under this scope of services, ECS assumes no responsibility regarding any response actions initiated as a result of these findings. General compliance with regulations and response actions are the sole responsibility of the Client and should be conducted in accordance with local, state, and/or federal requirements.

The client agrees to notify the appropriate local, state, or federal public agencies as required by law, or otherwise to disclose, in a timely manner, information that may be necessary to prevent any danger to public health, safety, or the environment.

If we can be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact us at (301) 668-4303.

Respectfully,  
**ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC**



Erik J. Schaberl  
Environmental Scientist  
MD Asbestos Inspector # 127202



Michael K. Smith  
Environmental Project Manager  
MD Asbestos Inspector # 128245  
MD Lead Inspector Technician # 11869

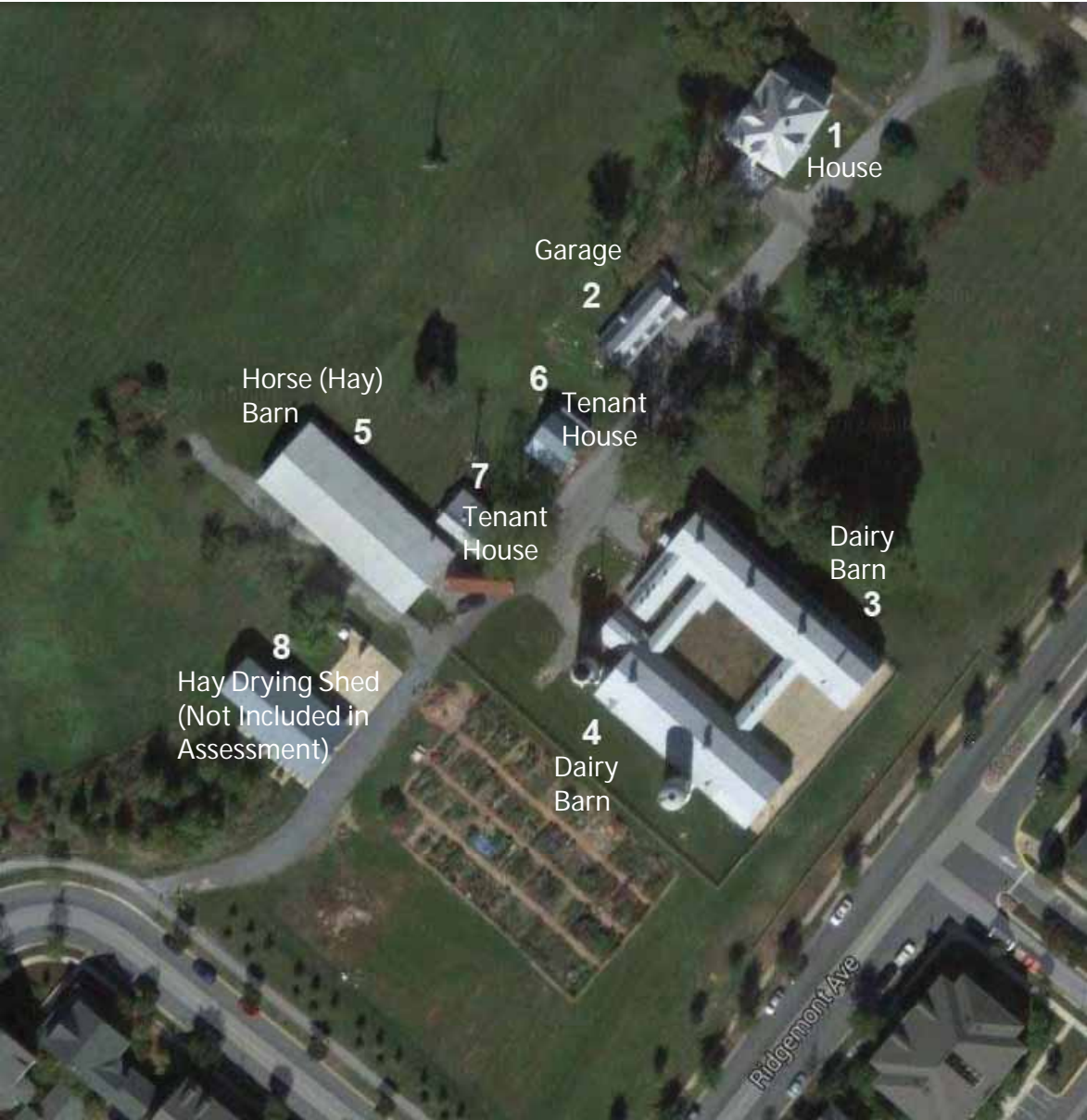
**Attachments:**

Building Layout Figure 1 (WGM layout)  
Photolog  
Laboratory Results (mold, asbestos)  
XRF Sampling Data  
Gale Assoc. Inc., Roofing Inspection report  
Glossary of molds

# King Farm – Building Number Map

6.96 Acres

Estimated total building square footage: 27,544



# PHOTOGRAPHS



**Photograph No. 1**

Mold growth on wood paneling in the basement of the House (building 1)



**Photograph No. 2**

Asbestos containing material in the furnace flue of the house (1)

# PHOTOGRAPHS



**Photograph No. 3**  
Chemical containers in the garage (building 2)



**Photograph No. 4**  
Asbestos containing floor tiles in the garage (2)



# PHOTOGRAPHS



**Photograph No. 5**  
A view within the tenant house (building 6)



**Photograph No. 6**  
Building 6, ACM vinyl under carpet (background)

# PHOTOGRAPHS



**Photograph No. 7**  
Transite (ACM) ceiling in Dairy barns 3 and 4.



**Photograph No. 8**  
Residual pipe mud on elbows and joints in the basement (1)



# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705

Phone/Fax: (301) 937-5700 / (301) 937-5701

<http://www.EMSL.com>

[beltsvillelab@emsl.com](mailto:beltsvillelab@emsl.com)


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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM	

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
1 191410161-0001	LEVELING COMPOUND HOUSE 1 SUN RM	Gray/Tan Fibrous Heterogeneous		82% Non-fibrous (other)	18% Chrysotile
This sample appears to be a Floor Tile (which contains an Asbestos layer), as opposed to a Leveler.					
1A 191410161-0002	LEVELING COMPOUND HOUSE 1 SUN RM				<b>Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)</b>
1B 191410161-0003	LEVELING COMPOUND HOUSE 1 SUN RM				<b>Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)</b>
2 191410161-0004	DRYWALL HOUSE 1 KITCHEN WALL	Brown/Tan/White Fibrous Homogeneous	15% Cellulose	60% Gypsum 25% Non-fibrous (other)	<b>None Detected</b>
2A 191410161-0005	DRYWALL HOUSE 1 KITCHEN WALL	Brown/White Fibrous Homogeneous	20% Cellulose 10% Glass	70% Non-fibrous (other)	<b>None Detected</b>
2B 191410161-0006	DRYWALL HOUSE 1 KITCHEN WALL	Brown/Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	15% Cellulose 10% Glass	75% Non-fibrous (other)	<b>None Detected</b>
3 191410161-0007	SKIM COAT HOUSE 1 BASEMENT STAIR WALL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	<b>None Detected</b>

Analyst(s)  
Luba Stockert (120)

  
Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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Phone/Fax: (301) 937-5700 / (301) 937-5701

<http://www.EMSL.com>[beltsvillelab@emsl.com](mailto:beltsvillelab@emsl.com)


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Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
3A 191410161-0008	SKIM COAT HOUSE 1 BASEMENT STAIR WALL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
3B 191410161-0009	SKIM COAT HOUSE 1 BASEMENT STAIR WALL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
3C 191410161-0010	SKIM COAT HOUSE 1 2ND FL BR CLOSET	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
3D 191410161-0011	SKIM COAT HOUSE 1 2ND FL BR CLOSET	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
3E 191410161-0012	SKIM COAT HOUSE 1 2ND FL BR CLOSET	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
4 191410161-0013	H. HAIR PLASTER HOUSE 1 BSMT STAIR WALL	Gray/Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Hair	40% Quartz 55% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
4A 191410161-0014	H. HAIR PLASTER HOUSE 1 BSMT STAIR WALL	Gray/Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	8% Hair	45% Quartz 47% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
4B 191410161-0015	H. HAIR PLASTER HOUSE 1 BSMT STAIR WALL	Gray/Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Hair	40% Quartz 55% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)  
Luba Stockert (120)

  
Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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Phone/Fax: (301) 937-5700 / (301) 937-5701

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[beltsvillelab@emsl.com](mailto:beltsvillelab@emsl.com)


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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM	

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
4C 191410161-0016	H. HAIR PLASTER HOUSE 1 2ND FL BR. CLOSET	Gray/Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Hair	45% Quartz 50% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
4D 191410161-0017	H. HAIR PLASTER HOUSE 1 2ND FL BR. CLOSET	Gray/Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	8% Hair	45% Quartz 47% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
4E 191410161-0018	H. HAIR PLASTER HOUSE 1 2ND FL BR. CLOSET	Gray/Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	6% Hair	40% Quartz 54% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
3F 191410161-0019	SKIM COAT HOUSE 1 ATTIC STAIR WALL	White Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
4F 191410161-0020	H. HAR PLASTER HOUSE 1 ATTIC STAIR WALL	Gray/Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Hair	25% Quartz 70% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
5 191410161-0021	VINYL W/MASTIC HOUSE 1 KITCHEN FL	Tan/White Fibrous Homogeneous	45% Cellulose 10% Glass	45% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
5A 191410161-0022	VINYL W/MASTIC HOUSE 1 KITCHEN FL	Tan/White Fibrous Homogeneous	40% Cellulose 5% Glass	55% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)  
Luba Stockert (120)

  
Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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Phone/Fax: (301) 937-5700 / (301) 937-5701

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**ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)**  
**5112 Pegasus Court**  
**Suite S**  
**Frederick, MD 21704**

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 Fax: (301) 668-3519  
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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM

### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
6 191410161-0023	FIRE BRK. HOUSE 1 1ST FLR FIRE BRICK	Brown/Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		35% Quartz 65% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
6A 191410161-0024	FIRE BRK. HOUSE 1 1ST FLR FIRE BRICK	Gray/White Fibrous Homogeneous		35% Quartz 65% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
7 191410161-0025	REM. PIPE MUD ELBOWS HOUSE 1 BSMT	Gray/White Fibrous Homogeneous		55% Non-fibrous (other)	45% Chrysotile
7A 191410161-0026	REM. PIPE MUD ELBOWS HOUSE 1 BSMT				Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)
7B 191410161-0026A	REM. PIPE MUD ELBOWS HOUSE 1 BSMT				Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)
8 191410161-0027	FURNACE FLUE MUD HOUSE 1 BSMT	White Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Non-fibrous (other)	40% Chrysotile
8A 191410161-0028	FURNACE FLUE MUD HOUSE 1 BSMT				Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)
9 191410161-0029	FURNACE COIL MUD HOUSE 1 BSMT	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	20% Wollastonite	80% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
9A 191410161-0030	FURNACE COIL MUD HOUSE 1 BSMT	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	20% Wollastonite	80% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

Luba Stockert (120)

Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705

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## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
10 <i>191410161-0031</i>	SINK/TUB CAULK HOSUE 1 1ST FL BATH	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		3% Mica 97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
10A <i>191410161-0032</i>	SINK/TUB CAULK HOSUE 1 1ST FL BATH	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		5% Mica 95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
11 <i>191410161-0033</i>	DUCT INS. PAPER HOUSE 1 ATTIC	Brown/Silver Fibrous Homogeneous	20% Glass 25% Cellulose	55% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
11A <i>191410161-0034</i>	DUCT INS. PAPER HOUSE 1 ATTIC	Brown/Silver Fibrous Homogeneous	20% Glass 25% Cellulose	55% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
12 <i>191410161-0035</i>	CHIMNEY CEMENT ATTIC	Gray/White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	20% Quartz 77% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
12A <i>191410161-0036</i>	CHIMNEY CEMENT ATTIC	Gray/White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	25% Quartz 70% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
13 <i>191410161-0037</i>	CAULK HOUSE 1 SW WINDOW	Tan/White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
13A <i>191410161-0038</i>	CAULK HOUSE 1 SW WINDOW	Tan/White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)  
Luba Stockert (120)

  
Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
14 191410161-0039	GLAZING HOUSE 1 SW WINDOW	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
14A 191410161-0040	GLAZING HOUSE 1 SW WINDOW	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
15 191410161-0041	WATERPROOFIN G HOUSE 1 SW EXT. WALL	Black/Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
15A 191410161-0042	WATERPROOFIN G HOUSE 1 SW EXT. WALL	Black/Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
16 191410161-0043	FOUNDATION PAINT HOUSE 1 E EXT. WALL	Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		6% Quartz 94% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
16A 191410161-0044	FOUNDATION PAINT HOUSE 1 E EXT. WALL	Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		5% Quartz 95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
17-Floor Tile 191410161-0045	WH/GR 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIR HALL	Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		90% Non-fibrous (other)	10% Chrysotile
17-Mastic 191410161-0045A	WH/GR 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIR HALL	Brown/Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)	<1% Chrysotile

Analyst(s)  
Luba Stockert (120)

  
Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Beltsville, MD NVLAP Lab Code 200293-0

Initial report from 10/07/2014 17:29:53



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10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705

Phone/Fax: (301) 937-5700 / (301) 937-5701

<http://www.EMSL.com>[beltsvillelab@emsl.com](mailto:beltsvillelab@emsl.com)

EMSL Order: 191410161

CustomerID: ENGI59

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ProjectID:

Attn: **Erik Schaberl**  
**ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)**  
**5112 Pegasus Court**  
**Suite S**  
**Frederick, MD 21704**

Phone: (301) 668-4303  
 Fax: (301) 668-3519  
 Received: 10/01/14 10:05 AM  
 Analysis Date: 10/7/2014  
 Collected: 9/29/2014

Project: 13-6529 KING FARM

### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
17A-Floor Tile 191410161-0046	WH/GR 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIR HALL				Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)
17A-Mastic 191410161-0046A	WH/GR 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIR HALL	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	<1% Chrysotile
18-Floor Tile 191410161-0047	BLK. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		84% Non-fibrous (other)	16% Chrysotile
18-Leveler 191410161-0047A	BLK. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
18-Mastic 191410161-0047B	BLK. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	8% Cellulose	92% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
18A-Floor Tile 191410161-0048	BLK. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL				Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)
18A-Leveler 191410161-0048A	BLK. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

Luba Stockert (120)

Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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Initial report from 10/07/2014 17:29:53



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10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705

Phone/Fax: (301) 937-5700 / (301) 937-5701

<http://www.EMSL.com>

[beltsvillelab@emsl.com](mailto:beltsvillelab@emsl.com)

EMSL Order:	191410161
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Attn: **Erik Schaberl**  
**ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)**  
**5112 Pegasus Court**  
**Suite S**  
**Frederick, MD 21704**

Phone: (301) 668-4303  
Fax: (301) 668-3519  
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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
18A-Mastic <i>191410161-0048B</i>	BLK. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	10% Cellulose	90% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
19-Floor Tile <i>191410161-0049</i>	BRN.. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL	Brown/Beige Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Ca Carbonate 40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
19-Mastic <i>191410161-0049A</i>	BRN.. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL	Brown/Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
19A-Floor Tile <i>191410161-0050</i>	BRN.. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL	Brown/Beige Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Ca Carbonate 40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
19A-Mastic <i>191410161-0050A</i>	BRN.. 9X9 TILE W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 UPSTAIRS HALL	Brown/Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
20 <i>191410161-0051</i>	PLASTER ROUGH GARAGE 2 BR	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cellulose	45% Quartz 53% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
20A <i>191410161-0052</i>	PLASTER ROUGH GARAGE 2 BR	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	40% Quartz 57% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
20B <i>191410161-0053</i>	PLASTER ROUGH GARAGE 2 BR	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	45% Quartz 52% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s) \_\_\_\_\_

Luba Stockert (120)

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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
21 191410161-0054	SKIM COAT GARAGE 2 BR	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Quartz 90% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
21A 191410161-0054A	SKIM COAT GARAGE 2 BR	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		8% Quartz 92% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
21B 191410161-0054B	SKIM COAT GARAGE 2 BR	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Quartz 85% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
22 191410161-0055	FELT PAPER UNDER 9X9 TILE GARAGE 2 HALL	Brown/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	75% Cellulose	25% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
22A 191410161-0056	FELT PAPER UNDER 9X9 TILE GARAGE 2 HALL	Brown/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	80% Cellulose	20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
23-Vinyl Sheet Flooring 191410161-0057	VINYL FLOOR W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 BATH	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	25% Cellulose 10% Glass	65% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
23-Mastic 191410161-0057A	VINYL FLOOR W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 BATH	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
23A-Vinyl Sheet Flooring 191410161-0058	VINYL FLOOR W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 BATH	Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	10% Glass 20% Cellulose	70% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

Luba Stockert (120)

Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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Phone/Fax: (301) 937-5700 / (301) 937-5701

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**5112 Pegasus Court**  
**Suite S**  
**Frederick, MD 21704**

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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM

### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
23A-Mastic 191410161-0058A	VINYL FLOOR W/MASTIC GARAGE 2 BATH	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
24 191410161-0059	WINDOW GLAZING GARAGE 2 BR NE	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		3% Mica 97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
24A 191410161-0060	WINDOW GLAZING GARAGE 2 BR NE	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		5% Mica 95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
25 191410161-0061	DRYWALL GARAGE 2 WALL	Brown/Gray Fibrous Heterogeneous	15% Cellulose	65% Gypsum 20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
25A 191410161-0062	DRYWALL GARAGE 2 WALL	Brown/Gray Fibrous Heterogeneous	15% Cellulose	65% Gypsum 20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
26 191410161-0063	FELT PAPER GARAGE 2 SMOKE RM	Brown/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	75% Cellulose	25% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
26A 191410161-0064	FELT PAPER GARAGE 2 SMOKE RM	Brown/Black Fibrous Homogeneous	80% Cellulose	20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
27 191410161-0065	CEMENT GARAGE 2 SMOKE HOUSE EXT. WALL	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		45% Quartz 55% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

Luba Stockert (120)

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or other approved signatory

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<http://www.EMSL.com>

[beltsvillelab@emsl.com](mailto:beltsvillelab@emsl.com)

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**ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)**  
**5112 Pegasus Court**  
**Suite S**  
**Frederick, MD 21704**

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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
27A 191410161-0066	CEMENT GARAGE 2 SMOKE HOUSE EXT. WALL	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		45% Quartz 55% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
28-Floor Tile 191410161-0067	12X12 TILE T. HOUSE 6 KITCHEN FL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Quartz 55% Ca Carbonate 30% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
28-Mastic 191410161-0067A	12X12 TILE T. HOUSE 6 KITCHEN FL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
28A-Floor Tile 191410161-0068	12X12 TILE T. HOUSE 6 KITCHEN FL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Quartz 60% Ca Carbonate 25% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
28A-Mastic 191410161-0068A	12X12 TILE T. HOUSE 6 KITCHEN FL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
29-Floor Tile 191410161-0069	TILE UNDER 12X12'S T. HOUSE 6 KITCHEN FL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Ca Carbonate 40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
29-Mastic 191410161-0069A	TILE UNDER 12X12'S T. HOUSE 6 KITCHEN FL	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

Luba Stockert (120)

Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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[beltsvillelab@emsl.com](mailto:beltsvillelab@emsl.com)

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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
29A-Floor Tile 191410161-0070	TILE UNDER 12X12'S T. HOUSE 6 KITCHEN FL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Quartz 55% Ca Carbonate 30% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
29A-Mastic 191410161-0070A	TILE UNDER 12X12'S T. HOUSE 6 KITCHEN FL	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
30 191410161-0071	VINYL FLOOR UNDER CARPET T. HOUSE NW RM	Tan Fibrous Homogeneous		65% Non-fibrous (other)	35% Chrysotile
Composite with Mastic					
30A 191410161-0072	VINYL FLOOR UNDER CARPET T. HOUSE NW RM				Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)
31 191410161-0073	CEILING DRYWALL T. HOUSE 6 NW RM	Brown/Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	15% Cellulose	65% Gypsum 20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
31A 191410161-0074	CEILING DRYWALL T. HOUSE 6 NW RM	Brown/Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	15% Cellulose	60% Gypsum 25% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
32 191410161-0075	CEILING JOINT COMPOUND T. HOUSE 6 NW RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Mica 85% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM	

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
32A 191410161-0076	CEILING JOINT COMPOUND T. HOUSE 6 NW RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Mica 85% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
33 191410161-0077	SKIM COAT T HOUSE 6 NW RM WALL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
33A 191410161-0078	SKIM COAT T HOUSE 6 NW RM WALL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
33B 191410161-0079	SKIM COAT T HOUSE 6 NW RM WALL	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
34 191410161-0080	PLASTER T. HOUSE 6 NW RM WALL	Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	45% Quartz 52% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
34A 191410161-0081	PLASTER T. HOUSE 6 NW RM WALL	Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	45% Quartz 50% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
34B 191410161-0082	PLASTER T. HOUSE 6 NW RM WALL	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	25% Quartz 72% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
35 191410161-0083	CEILING SURFACING T. HOUSE EAST RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Mica 90% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)  
Luba Stockert (120)

  
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Project: 13-6529 KING FARM	

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
35A <i>191410161-0084</i>	CEILING SURFACING T. HOUSE EAST RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Mica 90% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
35B <i>191410161-0085</i>	CEILING SURFACING T. HOUSE EAST RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Mica 90% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
36 <i>191410161-0086</i>	12X12 GRY FT T. HOUSE 7 NE RM	Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Ca Carbonate 40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
No Mastic					
36A <i>191410161-0087</i>	12X12 GRY FT T. HOUSE 7 NE RM	Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Ca Carbonate 40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
No Mastic					
37 <i>191410161-0088</i>	12X12 AQUA FLOOR TILE T. HOUSE 7 W RM	Blue/Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Ca Carbonate 40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
37A <i>191410161-0089</i>	12X12 AQUA FLOOR TILE T. HOUSE 7 W RM	Blue/Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Ca Carbonate 40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
38 <i>191410161-0090</i>	12X12 WHT. FLOOR TILE T. HOUSE 7 S. RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Ca Carbonate 40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
Tile only					
38A <i>191410161-0091</i>	12X12 WHT. FLOOR TILE T. HOUSE 7 S. RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		60% Ca Carbonate 40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
Tile only					

Analyst(s)  
Luba Stockert (120)

  
Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Beltsville, MD NVLAP Lab Code 200293-0

Initial report from 10/07/2014 17:29:53



**EMSL Analytical, Inc.**

10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705

Phone/Fax: (301) 937-5700 / (301) 937-5701

<http://www.EMSL.com>[beltsvillelab@emsl.com](mailto:beltsvillelab@emsl.com)

EMSL Order:	191410161
CustomerID:	ENGI59
CustomerPO:	
ProjectID:	

Attn: **Erik Schaberl**  
**ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)**  
**5112 Pegasus Court**  
**Suite S**  
**Frederick, MD 21704**

Phone: (301) 668-4303  
 Fax: (301) 668-3519  
 Received: 10/01/14 10:05 AM  
 Analysis Date: 10/7/2014  
 Collected: 9/29/2014

Project: 13-6529 KING FARM

### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
39 191410161-0092	CEILING SKIM COAT T. HOUSE 7 S. RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
39A 191410161-0093	CEILING SKIM COAT T. HOUSE 7 S. RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Cellulose	98% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
39B 191410161-0094	CEILING SKIM COAT T. HOUSE 7 S. RM	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	97% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
40 191410161-0095	WINDOW GLAZING T. HOUSE 7 S	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		5% Mica 95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
40A 191410161-0096	WINDOW GLAZING T. HOUSE 7 S	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		5% Mica 95% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
41 191410161-0097	WINDOW CAULK T. HOUSE 7 N	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
41A 191410161-0098	WINDOW CAULK T. HOUSE 7 N	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
42 191410161-0099	TRANSITE CEILING DAIRY BARN 3	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous		65% Non-fibrous (other)	35% Chrysotile
42A 191410161-0100	TRANSITE CEILING DAIRY BARN 3				Stop Positive (Not Analyzed)

Analyst(s)

Luba Stockert (120)

Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Beltsville, MD NVLAP Lab Code 200293-0

Initial report from 10/07/2014 17:29:53



# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

10768 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705

Phone/Fax: (301) 937-5700 / (301) 937-5701

<http://www.EMSL.com>

[beltsvillelab@emsl.com](mailto:beltsvillelab@emsl.com)

EMSL Order:	191410161
CustomerID:	ENGI59
CustomerPO:	
ProjectID:	


Attn: <b>Erik Schaberl</b> <b>ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)</b> <b>5112 Pegasus Court</b> <b>Suite S</b> <b>Frederick, MD 21704</b>	Phone: (301) 668-4303 Fax: (301) 668-3519 Received: 10/01/14 10:05 AM Analysis Date: 10/7/2014 Collected: 9/29/2014
Project: 13-6529 KING FARM	

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	Non-Asbestos		Asbestos
			% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
43-Skim Coat <i>191410161-0101</i>	PLASTER SKIM/ROUGH DAIRY BARN 3 WALLS	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
43-Rough Coat <i>191410161-0101A</i>	PLASTER SKIM/ROUGH DAIRY BARN 3 WALLS	Brown/Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		40% Quartz 3% Mica 57% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
43A-Skim Coat <i>191410161-0102</i>	PLASTER SKIM/ROUGH DAIRY BARN 3 WALLS	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
43A-Rough Coat <i>191410161-0102A</i>	PLASTER SKIM/ROUGH DAIRY BARN 3 WALLS	Brown/Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		45% Quartz 2% Mica 53% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
43B-Skim Coat <i>191410161-0103</i>	PLASTER SKIM/ROUGH DAIRY BARN 3 WALLS	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
43B-Rough Coat <i>191410161-0103A</i>	PLASTER SKIM/ROUGH DAIRY BARN 3 WALLS	Brown/Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		45% Quartz 3% Mica 52% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
43C <i>191410161-0104</i>	PLASTER SKIM/ROUGH DAIRY BARN 3 WALLS	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		40% Quartz 2% Mica 58% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Rough Coat only.

Analyst(s)  
Luba Stockert (120)

  
Joe Centifonti, Laboratory Manager  
or other approved signatory

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Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Beltsville, MD NVLAP Lab Code 200293-0

Initial report from 10/07/2014 17:29:53





# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077  
Phone/Fax: (800) 220-3675 / (856) 786-0262  
<http://www.EMSL.com> / [cinnmicrolab@emsl.com](mailto:cinnmicrolab@emsl.com)

Order ID: 371416326  
Customer ID: ENGI59  
Customer PO: 13-6529  
Project ID:

**Attn:** Erik Schaberl  
ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)  
5112 Pegasus Court  
Suite S  
Frederick, MD 21704


Phone: (301) 668-4303  
Fax: (301) 668-3519  
Collected: 09/29/2014  
Received: 10/07/2014  
Analyzed: 10/10/2014

**Proj:** 13-6529 King Farm

## Test Report: Microscopic Examination of Fungal Spores, Fungal Structures, Hyphae, and Other Particulates from Swab Samples (EMSL Method: M041)

<b>Lab Sample Number:</b>	371416326-0001				
<b>Client Sample ID:</b>	M-3				
<b>Sample Location:</b>	T. House (#6) NW Room				
<b>Spore Types</b>	Category				
Agrocybe/Coprinus	-				
Alternaria	-				
Ascospores	Rare				
Aspergillus/Penicillium	Low				
Basidiospores	-				
Bipolaris++	-				
Chaetomium	*Medium*				
Cladosporium	*High*				
Curvularia	-				
Epicoccum	-				
Fusarium	-				
Ganoderma	-				
Myxomycetes++	Rare				
Paecilomyces	-				
Rust	-				
Scopulariopsis	-				
Stachybotrys	*Low*				
Torula	-				
Ulocladium	*Low*				
Unidentifiable Spores	Rare				
Zygomycetes	-				
Papulaspora	Rare				
Pithomyces	Rare				
Polyschema	Rare				
Sporidesmium	Rare				
Triadelphia	Low				
Fibrous Particulate	Rare				
Hyphal Fragment	-				
Insect Fragment	Low				
Pollen	Rare				

Category: Count/per area analyzed  
Rare: 1 to 10 Low: 11 to 100 Medium: 101 to 1000 High: >1000  
  
Bipolaris++ = Bipolaris/Dreschlera/Exserohilum Myxomycetes++ = Myxomycetes/Periconia/Smut  
\* = Sample contains fruiting structures and/or hyphae associated with the spores.

  
Farbod Nekouei, M.S., Laboratory Manager  
or Other Approved Signatory

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.  
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Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Cinnaminson, NJ AIHA-LAP, LLC--EMLAP Accredited #100194

Initial report from: 10/10/2014 13:29:48

For Information on the fungi listed in this report please visit the Resources section at [www.emsl.com](http://www.emsl.com)



# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077  
 Phone/Fax: (800) 220-3675 / (856) 786-0262  
<http://www.EMSL.com> / [cinnmicrolab@emsl.com](mailto:cinnmicrolab@emsl.com)

Order ID: 371416073  
 Customer ID: ENGL59  
 Customer PO: 13-6529  
 Project ID:

**Attn:** Erik Schaberl  
 ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)  
 5112 Pegasus Court  
 Suite S  
 Frederick, MD 21704

Phone: (301) 668-4303  
 Fax: (301) 668-3519  
 Collected: 09/29/2014  
 Received: 10/01/2014  
 Analyzed: 10/04/2014

**Proj:** 13-6529 King Farm

## Test Report: Microscopic Examination of Fungal Spores, Fungal Structures, Hyphae, and Other Particulates from Swab Samples (EMSL Method: M041)

Lab Sample Number:	371416073-0001	371416073-0002	371416073-0003	371416073-0004	371416073-0005
Client Sample ID:	M-1	M-2	M-4	M-5	M-6
Sample Location:	House (#1) Basement	Garage (#2) NE Bedroom	T. House (#7) SE Room	H. Barn (#5) SE	D. Barn (#4) N
Spore Types	Category	Category	Category	Category	Category
Agrocybe/Coprinus	-	-	-	-	-
Alternaria	-	-	-	-	Rare
Ascospores	-	-	Rare	-	-
Aspergillus/Penicillium	-	-	-	-	-
Basidiospores	-	Low	-	-	Rare
Bipolaris++	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetomium	-	*Low*	-	-	Rare
Cladosporium	-	-	-	-	*Low*
Curvularia	-	-	-	-	Rare
Epicoccum	-	-	-	-	Rare
Fusarium	-	-	-	-	-
Ganoderma	-	-	-	-	-
Myxomycetes++	-	-	-	-	Rare
Paecilomyces	-	-	-	-	-
Rust	-	-	-	-	-
Scopulariopsis	-	-	-	-	-
Stachybotrys	-	*Medium*	-	-	-
Torula	-	-	-	-	-
Ulocladium	-	-	-	-	-
Unidentifiable Spores	-	-	Rare	-	-
Zygomycetes	-	-	-	-	-
Bispora	-	-	*Low*	-	-
Diplococcium	*High*	-	-	-	-
Stemonitis	-	-	*Low*	-	-
Fibrous Particulate	-	-	-	-	Rare
Hyphal Fragment	-	-	-	Rare	-
Insect Fragment	-	-	-	-	Rare
Pollen	-	-	-	-	-

Category: Count/per area analyzed  
 Rare: 1 to 10 Low: 11 to 100 Medium: 101 to 1000 High: >1000

Bipolaris++ = Bipolaris/Dreschlera/Exserohilum Myxomycetes++ = Myxomycetes/Periconia/Smut  
 \* = Sample contains fruiting structures and/or hyphae associated with the spores.

### Preliminary Report

Actual final results may differ.

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

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Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Cinnaminson, NJ AIHA-LAP, LLC-EMLAP Accredited #100194

Initial report from: 10/04/2014 14:23:28

For Information on the fungi listed in this report please visit the Resources section at [www.emsl.com](http://www.emsl.com)



# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077  
Phone/Fax: (800) 220-3675 / (856) 786-0262  
<http://www.EMSL.com> / [cinnmicrolab@emsl.com](mailto:cinnmicrolab@emsl.com)

Order ID: 371416073  
Customer ID: ENGI59  
Customer PO: 13-6529  
Project ID:

**Attn:** Erik Schaberl  
ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)  
5112 Pegasus Court  
Suite S  
Frederick, MD 21704

Phone: (301) 668-4303  
Fax: (301) 668-3519  
Collected: 09/29/2014  
Received: 10/01/2014  
Analyzed: 10/04/2014

**Proj:** 13-6529 King Farm

## Test Report: Microscopic Examination of Fungal Spores, Fungal Structures, Hyphae, and Other Particulates from Swab Samples (EMSL Method: M041)

<b>Lab Sample Number:</b>	371416073-0006				
<b>Client Sample ID:</b>	M-7				
<b>Sample Location:</b>	D. Barn (#3) N				
<b>Spore Types</b>	Category	-	-	-	-
Agrocybe/Coprinus	-				
Alternaria	-				
Ascospores	-				
Aspergillus/Penicillium	-				
Basidiospores	-				
Bipolaris++	-				
Chaetomium	-				
Cladosporium	-				
Curvularia	-				
Epicoccum	-				
Fusarium	-				
Ganoderma	-				
Myxomycetes++	-				
Paecilomyces	-				
Rust	-				
Scopulariopsis	-				
Stachybotrys	-				
Torula	Rare				
Ulocladium	-				
Unidentifiable Spores	-				
Zygomycetes	-				
Bispora	-				
Diplococcium	-				
Stemonitis	-				
Fibrous Particulate	-				
Hyphal Fragment	-				
Insect Fragment	-				
Pollen	-				

Category: Count/per area analyzed  
Rare: 1 to 10 Low: 11 to 100 Medium: 101 to 1000 High: >1000  
  
Bipolaris++ = Bipolaris/Dreschlera/Exserohilum Myxomycetes++ = Myxomycetes/Periconia/Smut  
\* = Sample contains fruiting structures and/or hyphae associated with the spores.

**Preliminary Report**

Actual final results may differ.

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

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Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Cinnaminson, NJ AIHA-LAP, LLC--EMLAP Accredited #100194

Initial report from: 10/04/2014 14:23:28

For Information on the fungi listed in this report please visit the Resources section at [www.emsl.com](http://www.emsl.com)



EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC.  
LABORATORY PRODUCTS TRAINING

### Microbiology Chain of Custody

EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

371416073

EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC.  
200 ROUTE 130 NORTH  
CINNAMINSON, NJ 08077

PHONE: (800) 220-3675  
FAX: (856) 786-0262

Company: <b>ECS Min-Atlantic LLC</b>		EMSL-Bill to: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Same <input type="checkbox"/> Different <small>If Bill to is Different note instructions in Comments**</small>	
Street: <b>5117 Pogues Ct. Suite S</b>		Third Party Billing requires written authorization from third party	
City: <b>FREDERICK</b>	State/Province: <b>MD</b>	Zip/Postal Code: <b>21704</b>	Country: <b>USA</b>
Report To (Name): <b>ERIK SCHABERL</b>		Telephone #: <b>3016584303</b>	
Email Address: <b>eschabert@ecslimited.com</b>		Fax #:	Purchase Order: <b>13-6529</b>
Project Name/Number: <b>13-6529 KING FARM</b>		Please Provide Results: <input type="checkbox"/> Fax <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Email <input type="checkbox"/> Fax	
U.S. State Samples Taken: <b>MD</b>		Connecticut Samples: <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Residential	

Turnaround Time (TAT) Options\* - Please Check

3 Hour  
  6 Hour  
  24 Hour  
  48 Hour  
  72 Hour  
  96 Hour  
  1 Week  
  2 Week

\*Analysis completed in accordance with EMSL's Terms and Conditions located in the Analytical Price Guide. TATs are subject to methodology requirements

**Non Culturable Air Samples (Spore Traps) – Test Codes**

• M001 Air-O-Cell	• M173 Allegro M2	• M004 Allergenco	• M032 Allergenco-D	• M172 Versa Trap
• M049 BioSIS	• M003 Burkard	• M043 Cyclex	• M002 Cyclex-d	
• M030 Micro 5	• M174 MoldSnap	• M176 Relle Smart	• M130 Via-Cell	

**Other Microbiology Test Codes**

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• M041 Fungal Direct Examination</li> <li>• M005 Viable Fungi ID and Count</li> <li>• M006 Viable Fungi ID and Count (Speciation)</li> <li>• M007 Culturable Fungi</li> <li>• M008 Culturable Fungi (Speciation)</li> <li>• M009 Gram Stain Culturable Bacteria</li> <li>• M010 Bacterial Count and ID – 3 Most Prominent</li> <li>• M011 Bacterial Count and ID – 5 Most Prominent</li> <li>• M013 Sewage Contamination in Buildings</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• M014 Endotoxin Analysis</li> <li>• M015 Heterotrophic Plate Count</li> <li>• M180 Real Time Q-PCR-ERMI 36 Panel</li> <li>• M018 Total Coliform (Membrane Filtration)</li> <li>• M020 Fecal Streptococcus (Membrane Filtration)</li> <li>• M210-215 Legionella Detection</li> <li>• M026 Recreational Water Screen</li> <li>• M027 Mycotoxin Analysis</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• M029 Enterococci</li> <li>• M019 Fecal Coliform</li> <li>• M133 MRSA Analysis</li> <li>• M028 Cryptococcus <del>neoformans</del> Detection</li> <li>• M120 Histoplasma capsulatum Detection</li> <li>• M033-39 Allergen Testing (Cat, Dog, Cockroach, Dustmites)</li> <li>• M044 Group Allergen</li> <li>• Other See Analytical Price Guide</li> </ul>
---	--	---

Preservation Method (Water):

Name of Sampler: **ERIK SCHABERL**      Signature of Sampler: *Erik Schaberl*

Sample #	Sample Location	Sample Type	Test Code	Volume/Area	Date/Time Collected
Example: A1	Kitchen	Air	M001	75L	1/1/12 4:00 PM
M-1	HOUSE(#1)-Basement	Swab	M041	—	9/29/14 14:26
M-2	FARM(#2) NE Bedroom	↓	↓	↓	14:37
M-3	T. HOUSE(#6) NW Room	↓	↓	↓	14:44
M-4	T. HOUSE(#7) SE Room	↓	↓	↓	14:50
M-5	H. BARN(#5) SE	↓	↓	↓	9/30/14 11:00
M-6	D. BARN(#4) N	↓	↓	↓	9/30/14 11:10
M-7	D. BARN(#3) N	↓	↓	↓	9/30/14 11:20

Client Sample # (s): \_\_\_\_\_ Total # of Samples: **7**

Relinquished (Client): *Erik Schaberl*      Date: **9/30/14**      Time: **16:00**

Received (Client): *DMB-FX*      Date: **10-1-14**      Time: **925A**

Comments:

⑥ missing - 3



# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

1056 Stelton Road Piscataway, NJ 08854  
Phone/Fax: (732) 981-0550 / (732) 981-0551  
<http://www.EMSL.com> / [piscatawaylab@emsl.com](mailto:piscatawaylab@emsl.com)

Order ID: 051404568  
Customer ID: ENGI59  
Customer PO: 13-6529  
Project ID:

**Attn:** Erik Schaberl  
ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)  
5112 Pegasus Court  
Suite S  
Frederick, MD 21704

**Phone:** (301) 668-4303  
**Fax:** (301) 668-3519  
**Collected:** 09/30/2014  
**Received:** 10/01/2014  
**Analyzed:** 10/03/2014

**Proj:** 13-6529 King Farm

### Test Report: Allergenco-D(™) Analysis of Fungal Spores & Particulates by Optical Microscopy (Methods EMSL 05-TP-003, ASTM D7391)

Lab Sample Number:	051404568-0001			051404568-0002			051404568-0003		
Client Sample ID:	KF-1			KF-2			KF-3		
Volume (L):	75			75			75		
Sample Location:	House (#1) Basement			Outside House (#1) SW			Garage (#2) NE Bedroom		
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total
Alternaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ascospores	48	2100	10.2	60	2700	2.7	21	930	39.2
Aspergillus/Penicillium	300	13300	64.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Basidiospores	87	3900	19	2180	96900	96.2	21	930	39.2
Bipolaris++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetomium	1	40	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cladosporium	21	930	4.5	21	930	0.9	9	400	16.9
Curvularia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Epicoccum	4*	50*	0.2	2	90	0.1	-	-	-
Fusarium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ganoderma	-	-	-	3*	40*	0	-	-	-
Myxomycetes++	-	-	-	1	40	0	3	100	4.2
Pithomyces	4	200	1	-	-	-	1*	10*	0.4
Rust	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scopulariopsis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stachybotrys	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Torula	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ulocladium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cercospora	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deightoniella	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigrospora	1*	10*	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zygothia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Fungi</b>	<b>466</b>	<b>20530</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>2267</b>	<b>100700</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>2370</b>	<b>100</b>
Hyphal Fragment	3	100	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insect Fragment	1	40	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pollen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 600x	-	44	-	-	44	-	-	44	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 300x	-	13*	-	-	13*	-	-	13*	-
Skin Fragments (1-4)	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	2	-
Fibrous Particulate (1-4)	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Background (1-5)	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	3	-

Bipolaris++ = Bipolaris/Drechslera/Exserohilum  
Myxomycetes++ = Myxomycetes/Periconia/Smut

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

Asma Ali, M.Sc., Microbiology Manager  
or Other Approved Signatory

High levels of background particulate can obscure spores and other particulates leading to underestimation. Background levels of 5 indicate an overloading of background particulates, prohibiting accurate detection and quantification. Present = Spores detected on overloaded samples. Results are not blank corrected unless otherwise noted. The detection limit is equal to one fungal spore, structure, pollen, fiber particle or insect fragment. \*\*\* Denotes particles found at 300X. \*-\* denotes not detected. EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported above and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Piscataway, NJ

Initial report from: 10/03/2014 15:17:49

For Information on the fungi listed in this report please visit the Resources section at [www.emsl.com](http://www.emsl.com)





# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

1056 Stelton Road Piscataway, NJ 08854  
Phone/Fax: (732) 981-0550 / (732) 981-0551  
<http://www.EMSL.com> / [piscatawaylab@emsl.com](mailto:piscatawaylab@emsl.com)

Order ID: 051404568  
Customer ID: ENGI59  
Customer PO: 13-6529  
Project ID:

**Attn:** Erik Schaberl  
ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)  
5112 Pegasus Court  
Suite S  
Frederick, MD 21704

**Phone:** (301) 668-4303  
**Fax:** (301) 668-3519  
**Collected:** 09/30/2014  
**Received:** 10/01/2014  
**Analyzed:** 10/03/2014

**Proj:** 13-6529 King Farm

### Test Report: Allergenco-D™ Analysis of Fungal Spores & Particulates by Optical Microscopy (Methods EMSL 05-TP-003, ASTM D7391)

Lab Sample Number:	051404568-0004			051404568-0005			051404568-0006		
Client Sample ID:	KF-4			KF-5			KF-6		
Volume (L):	75			75			75		
Sample Location:	T. House (#6) NW Room			T. House (#7) SE Room			Horse Barn (#5) SE		
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total
Alternaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ascospores	6	300	7.4	37	1600	55.4	11	490	21.4
Aspergillus/Penicillium	-	-	-	26	1200	41.5	7	300	13.1
Basidiospores	5	200	5	1	40	1.4	4	200	8.7
Bipolaris++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetomium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cladosporium	73	3200	79.2	-	-	-	29	1300	56.8
Curvularia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Epicoccum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fusarium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ganoderma	2	90	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Myxomycetes++	4	200	5	1	40	1.4	-	-	-
Pithomyces	1*	10*	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rust	-	-	-	1*	10*	0.3	-	-	-
Scopulariopsis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stachybotrys	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Torula	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ulocladium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cercospora	1	40	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deightoniella	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigrospora	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zygothia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Fungi</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>4040</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>2890</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>2290</b>	<b>100</b>
Hyphal Fragment	-	-	-	-	-	-	5*	70*	3.1
Insect Fragment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pollen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 600x	-	44	-	-	44	-	-	44	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 300x	-	13*	-	-	13*	-	-	13*	-
Skin Fragments (1-4)	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	2	-
Fibrous Particulate (1-4)	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Background (1-5)	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	3	-

Bipolaris++ = Bipolaris/Drechslera/Exserohilum  
Myxomycetes++ = Myxomycetes/Periconia/Smut

Asma Ali, M.Sc., Microbiology Manager  
or Other Approved Signatory

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

High levels of background particulate can obscure spores and other particulates leading to underestimation. Background levels of 5 indicate an overloading of background particulates, prohibiting accurate detection and quantification. Present = Spores detected on overloaded samples. Results are not blank corrected unless otherwise noted. The detection limit is equal to one fungal spore, structure, pollen, fiber particle or insect fragment. "\*" Denotes particles found at 300X. "-\*" denotes not detected. EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported above and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Piscataway, NJ

Initial report from: 10/03/2014 15:17:49

For Information on the fungi listed in this report please visit the Resources section at [www.emsl.com](http://www.emsl.com)



# EMSL Analytical, Inc.

1056 Stelton Road Piscataway, NJ 08854  
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<http://www.EMSL.com> / [piscatawaylab@emsl.com](mailto:piscatawaylab@emsl.com)

Order ID: 051404568  
Customer ID: ENGI59  
Customer PO: 13-6529  
Project ID:

**Attn:** Erik Schaberl  
ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (MD)  
5112 Pegasus Court  
Suite S  
Frederick, MD 21704

**Phone:** (301) 668-4303  
**Fax:** (301) 668-3519  
**Collected:** 09/30/2014  
**Received:** 10/01/2014  
**Analyzed:** 10/03/2014

**Proj:** 13-6529 King Farm

### Test Report: Allergenco-D(™) Analysis of Fungal Spores & Particulates by Optical Microscopy (Methods EMSL 05-TP-003, ASTM D7391)

Lab Sample Number:	051404568-0007			051404568-0008			051404568-0009		
Client Sample ID:	KF-7			KF-8			KF-9		
Volume (L):	75			75			75		
Sample Location:	Dairy Barn (#4) N			Dairy Barn (#3) N			Outside #3 NE Silo		
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total
Alternaria	1*	10*	0.2	-	-	-	3*	40*	0
Ascospores	58	2600	46.6	109	4840	88	66	2900	2.1
Aspergillus/Penicillium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Basidiospores	4	200	3.6	5	200	3.6	10	440	0.3
Bipolaris++	-	-	-	-	-	-	3*	40*	0
Chaetomium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cladosporium	56	2500	44.8	4	200	3.6	2950	131000	97.2
Curvularia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Epicoccum	-	-	-	1*	10*	0.2	-	-	-
Fusarium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ganoderma	2	90	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Myxomycetes++	3	100	1.8	5	200	3.6	7	300	0.2
Pithomyces	1	40	0.7	4*	50*	0.9	5*	70*	0.1
Rust	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scopulariopsis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stachybotrys	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Torula	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ulocladium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cercospora	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deightonella	-	-	-	-	-	-	1*	10*	0
Nigrospora	-	-	-	-	-	-	1*	10*	0
Zygomycetes	1	40	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Fungi</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>5580</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>5500</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>3046</b>	<b>134810</b>	<b>100</b>
Hyphal Fragment	-	-	-	5	200	3.6	6*	80*	0.1
Insect Fragment	3	100	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pollen	-	-	-	7	300	5.5	3*	40*	0
Analyt. Sensitivity 600x	-	44	-	-	44	-	-	44	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 300x	-	13*	-	-	13*	-	-	13*	-
Skin Fragments (1-4)	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	2	-
Fibrous Particulate (1-4)	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Background (1-5)	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	2	-

Bipolaris++ = Bipolaris/Drechslera/Exserohilum  
Myxomycetes++ = Myxomycetes/Periconia/Smut

Asma Ali, M.Sc., Microbiology Manager  
or Other Approved Signatory

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

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Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Piscataway, NJ

Initial report from: 10/03/2014 15:17:49

For Information on the fungi listed in this report please visit the Resources section at [www.emsl.com](http://www.emsl.com)

371416326



EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC.  
LABORATORY PRODUCTS TRADING

### Microbiology Chain of Custody

EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

371416073

EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC.  
200 ROUTE 130 NORTH  
CINNAMINSON, NJ 08077

PHONE: (800) 220-3675  
FAX: (856) 786-0262

Company: <b>ECS Mid-Atlantic LLC</b>		EMSL-Bill to: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Same <input type="checkbox"/> Different <small>If Bill to is Different note instructions in Comments**</small>	
Street: <b>5117 Pogues Ct. Suite S</b>		<i>Third Party Billing requires written authorization from third party</i>	
City: <b>FREDERICK</b>	State/Province: <b>MD</b>	Zip/Postal Code: <b>2104</b>	Country: <b>USA</b>
Report To (Name): <b>ERIK SCHABERL</b>		Telephone #: <b>3016654303</b>	
Email Address: <b>eschabert@ecslimited.com</b>		Fax #:	Purchase Order: <b>13-6529</b>
Project Name/Number: <b>13-6529 KING FARM</b>		Please Provide Results: <input type="checkbox"/> Fax <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Email <input type="checkbox"/> Fax	
U.S. State Samples Taken: <b>MD</b>		Connecticut Samples: <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Residential	

Turnaround Time (TAT) Options\* - Please Check

3 Hour  6 Hour  24 Hour  48 Hour  72 Hour  96 Hour  1 Week  2 Week

\*Analysis completed in accordance with EMSL's Terms and Conditions located in the Analytical Price Guide. TATs are subject to methodology requirements

**Non Culturable Air Samples (Spore Traps) - Test Codes**

• M001 Air-O-Cell	• M173 Allegro M2	• M004 Allergenco	• M032 Allergenco-D	• M172 Versa Trap
• M049 BioSIS	• M003 Burkard	• M043 Cyclex	• M002 Cyclex-d	
• M030 Micro 5	• M174 MoldSnap	• M176 Relle Smart	• M130 Via-Cell	

**Other Microbiology Test Codes**

• M041 Fungal Direct Examination	• M014 Endotoxin Analysis	• M029 Enterococci
• M005 Viable Fungi ID and Count	• M015 Heterotrophic Plate Count	• M019 Fecal Coliform
• M006 Viable Fungi ID and Count (Speciation)	• M180 Real Time Q-PCR-ERMI 36	• M133 MRSA Analysis
• M007 Culturable Fungi	• Panel	• M028 Cryptococcus neoformans Detection
• M008 Culturable Fungi (Speciation)	• M018 Total Coliform (Membrane Filtration)	• M120 Histoplasma capsulatum Detection
• M009 Gram Stain Culturable Bacteria	• M020 Fecal Streptococcus (Membrane Filtration)	• M033-39 Allergen Testing
• M010 Bacterial Count and ID - 3 Most Prominent	• M210-215 Legionella Detection	• M044 Group Allergen (Cat, Dog, Cockroach, Dustmites)
• M011 Bacterial Count and ID - 5 Most Prominent	• M026 Recreational Water Screen	• Other See Analytical Price Guide
• M013 Sewage Contamination in Buildings	• M027 Mycotoxin Analysis	

Preservation Method (Water):

Name of Sampler: **ERIK SCHABERL** Signature of Sampler: *Erik Schaberl*

Sample #	Sample Location	Sample Type	Test Code	Volume/Area	Date/Time Collected
Example: A1	Kitchen	Air	M001	75L	11/12 4:00 PM
M-1	HOUSE (#1) - Basement	Swab	M041	-	9/29/14 14:26
M-2	(GARAGE (#2) NE Bedroom	↓	↓	↓	14:37
M-3	T HOUSE (#6) NW Room	↓	↓	↓	14:44
M-4	T HOUSE (#7) SE Room	↓	↓	↓	14:50
M-5	H. BARN (#5) SE	↓	↓	↓	9/30/14 11:00
M-6	D. BARN (#4) N	↓	↓	↓	9/30/14 11:10
M-7	D. BARN (#3) N	↓	↓	↓	9/30/14 11:20

Client Sample # (s): \_\_\_\_\_ Total # of Samples: **7**

Relinquished (Client): *Erik Schaberl* Date: **9/30/14** Time: **16:00**

Received (Client): *DMB-FX* Date: **10-1-14** Time: **9:25A**

Comments: **(DP) ARM FX 10-7-14 10:30**

⑥ missing - 3 included 10/6/14

b/f = 1.00  
 1.02  
 1.03



# XRF SURVEY LOG

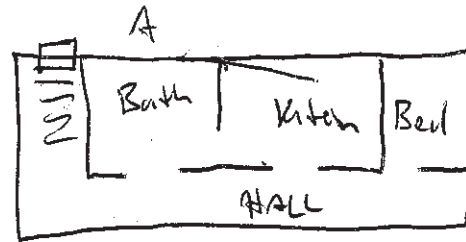
Project Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Project Location: Kings Farm  
 Lead Technician: MKS

Ext Rear door  
 White 75

Component	Wall	Color	Location	Material	Lead Content
House Ext Carport deck	—	White	House Carport	Roof deck/Deck Wood	ND, ND, ND
"	—	"		Beam	ND, ND, ND
Basement Door	C	"	door, Casing, Frame	"	ND, ND, ND
Kitchen Window	C	"	Window Frame	"	197, 75, 75
Kitchen Screen door	"	"	@ Screen door, Door Jamb, main door	"	.05, 1.49, 75
Shutters	C, C, B	Green	Window Shutters Kitchen, dining	"	75, 75, 75
Furniture	C, B, A	Green	Furniture, Brick Columns	Ceramic/Brk	75, 7.95, 7
Steps	A, A, C	Green	Porch Steps, Porch Fl, Rear Steps	Wood	ND, .01, ND
Siding	C, D, A	White	Clapboard Siding	Wood	75, 75, 75
House Int Front Porch	A, A, A	"	Column, Porch Post, Porch Bullhead	"	2.07, NB, ND
Beard board	A, C, D	"			.41, .1, ND
<del>Stair</del> Stairs	C, C, C	Gray	Stair Tread & Riser @ ext	Wood	75, 75, 75
Window Sill	D, A, B, C	White	Kitchen, DR, LR, SR	"	ND, 1.06, 1.4, .04
Window trim	D, A, B, C	White	" " "	"	ND, 1.12, ND, 1.06, 1.49
Window Frame	D, A, B	"	" " "	"	ND, .04, ND
Door	B, A, C	"	Kitchen, Main, Rear	"	.17, .43, .41
Wall	C, D	"	Kitchen, DR, LR	Plaster	2.35, .46, .35
Cabinets	A, B, C	White	Kitchen, Dining Room	Wood	.18, .16, .20
Refrigerator	C, D, B	"	Kitchen, Dining Room, LR	Metal	.35, .54, .50
Base Board	A, B, A	"	DR, LR, Foyer	Wood	.88, .55, .44
Wood Floor	—	Varnish	DR, LR, Foyer	Wood	.01, ND, 1
Mantle	D, D, D	White	LR	Wall	.01, .01
Ceramic tile	A, B, C	Pink	PR	Plaster	.79, .68, .43
				Ceramic	.75, 75, 75



# XRF SURVEY LOG



2

Project Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Project Location: Kings Farm

Lead Technician: MKS

Component	Wall	Color	Location	Material	Concentration
Stair String	B B B	White	Finger Post, Stairs, Rail	Wood	.01, .41, .06
Ceiling	-	White	Stairwell LR Kitchen	Plaster	ND, .01, ND
Window Sill	C B D	White	Bed 5, Bed 3, Bed 1	Wood	.14, .07, .35
Window Trim	C B D	"	"	"	.29, .46, .21
Window Frame	C B D	"	"	"	.04, .02, .09
Door	A D B	"	"	"	.75, .48, .26
Base Board	B B D	"	"	"	.77, .45, .22
Floor	-	Clear Vinyl	Bed 5, Bed 3, Bed 1	"	ND, ND, ND
Radiator	C B D	White	"	Metal	.51, .47, .29
Wall	C B D	"	"	DW	.77, ND, .12
Ceiling	-	"	"	<del>Plaster</del>	<del>ND, ND, ND</del>
Ceramic Tile	C B C	Green	Bed 1 Rest room	Ceramic	1.55, 2.10, 2.54
Door	A/B/C	White	2nd Fl, Smokehouse Bath	Wood/Ceramic	3.10, 2.93, 3.06
Garage door	A A A	White	"	Wood	.75, .75, .75
Siding	A B C	"	Ext	"	.75, .75, .75
Door	A, A, D	"	Garage, 2nd Fl Smokehouse	"	.04, .35, .12
Door	A, A, A	"	2nd Fl Smokehouse Smokehouse	"	.75, .75, .75
Door	A, C, C	"	Ext door inside Kitch, Bed	"	.75, .75, 4.32
Stairs			Staircase Hand Rail String	"	ND, .44, ND
n	A A -	Brown	Tread New Iron	Wood	.02, .26, .01
Wall	C, A, A	<del>White</del> Tan	HALL, Bath, Kitch	Plaster	.08, .12, .12
Window Frame	C A A	Tan	"	Wood	.75, .75, .25
Window Trim	C A A	"	"	"	.75, .75, .75
Window Sill	C A A	"	"	"	.75, .75, .75
Base Board	C A A	"	"	"	.75, .75, .75
Ceiling	-	"	"	Plaster	ND, .08, .01
Radiator	B	"	Bath Kitch	Metal	.06, .12, .20

GARAGE

Ext

Int

.12

.75, .75, 4.41 Base

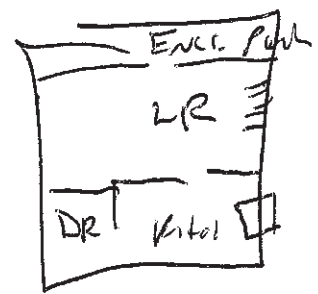
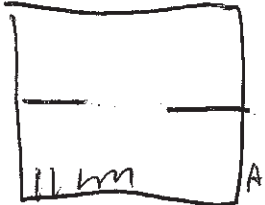
#1

OVER



# XRF SURVEY LOG

#6



3

A

Project Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Project Location: Kings Farm  
 Lead Technician: MKS

Bldg 6  
Tenant House

Component	Wall	Color	Location	Signature	Lead Content
Siding	A DC	White		Wood	1.55, .02, 2.07
Window Frame	A BC	"		"	1.31, .07, .06
Shutter	A BC	"	A Shutter Rest Just Board Long wall	Wood	.52, .15, .15
Furniture	A	gray		Block	.07, .02, .01
Door	A D	White	D-Just wood Long C Just wood	Wood	.02, ND, ND
Steps	D D D	gray		Cement	.16, .15, .01
door	A D C	White	Kitchen LR 2nd Fl	Wood	.06, ND, .07
Window Trim	A D C	White	" "	"	1.10, 1.45, 4.40
" Sill	"	"	" "	"	.98, 1.1, 1.6
" Frame	"	"	" "	"	1.85, 1.4, .18
Wall	A DC	White		Plaster	2.7, .01, 2.7
Ceiling	-	White		" "	2.7, ND, .1
Cabinets	B B D	Green/blue		Wood	.03, ND, ND
Stairs			Riser String Tread Rail	Wood	ND, .11, ND
Ceiling Beam/dusk	-	gray	Enclosed Park	Wood	2.5, 2.5, 2.5
Window		White		Wood	.57, .02, .12
Window Frame	T-M A B C	"		"	2.5, .25, 2.5
Door	A	"	Door Door Frame Door Jn	"	2.5, 2.5, 2.5
Stairs/Porch	-	Gray	Stairs/Porch / Rail	"	.02, ND, ND
Siding	A B C	White		"	2.5, 2.5, 2.5
Steps	-	White	Side door	Cement	NA, NA, NA

Bldg 7  
Tenant House

Ext

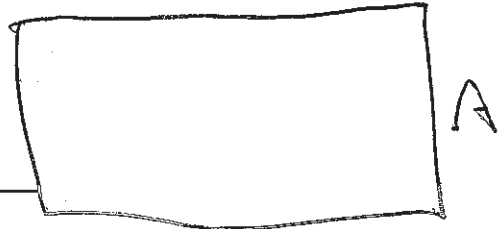
Int



# XRF SURVEY LOG

EARN

4



Project Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Project Location: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Lead Technician: \_\_\_\_\_

Bldg 7  
int

Bldg 5  
Navy Bldg

Bldg 4  
int

0

Component	Wall	Color	Location	Material	Lead Concentration
Walls	A B C	White	Rm 1, Rm 2, Rm 3	Plaster	.05, .03, ND
Ceiling	-		"	Plaster	.19, ND, ND
Base Board	A B C		"	Wood	ND, .07, >5
Door	D A B		" Rm 2 EXT door		.04, .1, .12
Door Trim	D A B		"		.04, .03, >5
Walls	B C D		"		.13, .05
Window Trim	B C D		"		.05, .07
Siding	A B C	White		Wood	5.5, 4.77, 4.87
Finish	A B C	"		emul	ND, .12, .02
Block	A C B	"	Electr Panel, A, C, B	Wood 1.39	1.29, 1.41, 1.49
Block	A A D C	White	Ext Block		ND, ND, ND
Siding	A A B C		Ext Siding		1.34, >5, 2.34
Window Trim	A A C		Ext Window Trim		.53, 1.23, .12
Silas	A B C				ND, ND, ND
Windows	A B C				ND, ND, ND
Doors	A C C				3.89, >5, 1.68
Ceiling					.03, .09, .01
Walls	A B C				ND, ND, ND
Window Trim	A B D				>5, >5, >5
Block	A D C				.16, .03, ND
Siding	A D C				.42, 1.28, >5
Window Trim	A D C				ND, >5, .12
Doors	A C C				ND, .52, .15





**Gale Associates, Inc.**  
**ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM**

INVENTORY CONTROL NUMBER: 35

FACILITY NAME: Vacant House #1/ Garage- King Farm

GALE JN: 655263

ADDRESS: 16100 Frederick Ave. Rockville,Md.

CLIENT: City of Rockville

INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10

**OVERALL SYSTEM RATINGS**

BUILT-UP:  
 EPDM:  
 PVC / TPO:  
 SLATE:  
 METAL: 4  
 SHINGLE:

**NOTE:**

Rating system is based on a 10 point system.  
 1 indicates a failed roof system,  
 10 indicates a newly installed roof.

**Roof Conditions**

	% of total roof Area	Component Rating		% of total roof Area	System Rating
<b>Roof System type:</b>			<b>Perim Conditions:</b>		
Built-up			Parapet		
EPDM			Edge	100	4
PVC / TPO					
Metal	100	4			
Slate					
Shingle					
<b>Flashings:</b>			<b>Drains:</b>		
Built-up			Interior		
EPDM			Scuppers		
PVC / TPO			Gutters	100	3
Metal	100	5	other		
<b>Rising Walls:</b>			<b>Ponding : N/A</b>		
BRICK			Built-up		
METAL			EPDM		
WOOD	100	6	PVC / TPO		

**Leaks** None / Every Rain / During Severe Events / Occasionally

**General Condition Notes:**

Roof is face fastened with minor surface rust  
 Dormer ridge caps open at ends  
 Plant growth in gutters  
 North dormer window trim at sash deteriorated/ missing  
 Extensive step cracking on chimney and displaced cap

**Recommendations:**

Scrape,prime and paint rusty panels  
 Clean gutters  
 Repair dormer ridge caps  
 Replace wood on dormer  
 Repoint chimney and resecure cap

**Repair Costs: \$4500-\$5000**

SUBMITTED BY: EDE

SHEET 1 OF 1

## PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION



Photo 1: Overall view of building.



Photo 2: Close up view of roof. Note plant growth in gutter.

ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM

FACILITY NAME: Vacant House #2- King Farm

GALE JN: 655263

ADDRESS: 16100 Frederick Ave. Rockville, Md.

CLIENT: City of Rockville

INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10

OVERALL SYSTEM RATINGS

BUILT-UP: 1  
 EPDM:  
 PVC / TPO:  
 SLATE:  
 METAL: 3  
 SHINGLE:

NOTE:

Rating system is based on a 10 point system.  
 1 indicates a failed roof system,  
 10 indicates a newly installed roof.

Roof Conditions

% of total roof Area    Component Rating

% of total roof Area    System Rating

Roof System type:

Built-up	4	1
EPDM		
PVC / TPO		
Metal	96	3
Slate		
Shingle		

Perim Conditions:

Parapet		
Edge	100	2

Flashings:

N/A

Built-up		
EPDM		
PVC / TPO		
Metal		

Drains: N/A

Interior		
Scuppers		
Gutters		
other		

Rising Walls:

BRICK		
METAL	100	2
WOOD		

Ponding : N/A

Built-up	
EPDM	
PVC / TPO	

Leaks            None / Every Rain / During Severe Events / Occasionally

General Condition Notes:

- Extensive Surface rust on metal roof
- Isolated patches on roof are in poor condition
- Isolated holes in roof
- Metal counterflashing on west el. Rising wall is deteriorated
- Fascia board is deteriorated/ missing
- Built-up roof on NW corner is deteriorated

Recommendations:

Recommend replacement of the roof system and associated wood trim

Repair Costs: \$14000-\$15000

## PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION



Photo 1: Overall view of building.



Photo 2: Close up view of roof. Note poor condition of BUR.

ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM

FACILITY NAME: Vacant House #3- King Farm

GALE JN: 655263

ADDRESS: 16100 Frederick Ave. Rockville, Md.

CLIENT: City of Rockville

INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10

OVERALL SYSTEM RATINGS

BUILT-UP: \_\_\_\_\_  
 EPDM: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PVC / TPO: \_\_\_\_\_  
 SLATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
 METAL: 5  
 SHINGLE: 5

NOTE:

Rating system is based on a 10 point system.  
 1 indicates a failed roof system,  
 10 indicates a newly installed roof.

Roof Conditions

	% of total roof Area	Component Rating	% of total roof Area	System Rating
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Roof System type:

Built-up		
EPDM		
PVC / TPO		
Metal	99	5
Slate		
Shingle	1	5

Perim Conditions:

Parapet		
Edge	100	5

Flashings:

Built-up		
EPDM		
PVC / TPO		
Metal	100	4

Drains: N/A

Interior		
Scuppers		
Gutters		
other		

Rising Walls: N/A

BRICK		
METAL		
WOOD		

Ponding : N/A

Built-up	
EPDM	
PVC / TPO	

Leaks None / Every Rain / During Severe Events / Occasionally

General Condition Notes:

Minor surface rust on metal roof  
 Loose metal panel west elevation  
 Ridge cap joint open  
 Metal counterflashing on west elevation rising wall is deteriorated  
 Chimney is in poor condition and covered with EPDM material

Recommendations:

Scrape, prime and paint roof  
 Resecure loose panel  
 Repair ridge cap  
 Rebuild chimney

Repair Costs: \$2700-\$3000

SUBMITTED BY: EDE

## PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION



Photo 1: Overall view of building.



Photo 2: Close up view of roof. Note covered chimney and general condition of roof coating.

**Gale Associates, Inc.**  
**ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM**

INVENTORY CONTROL NUMBER: 38

FACILITY NAME: King Farm Barn B GALE JN: 655263  
 ADDRESS: 1600 Frederick Road  
 CLIENT: City of Rockville INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10

**OVERALL SYSTEM RATINGS**

BUILT-UP: \_\_\_\_\_  
 EPDM: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PVC / TPO: \_\_\_\_\_  
 SLATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
 METAL: \_\_\_\_\_ **5**  
 SHINGLE: \_\_\_\_\_

**NOTE:**

Rating system is based on a 10 point system.  
 1 indicates a failed roof system,  
 10 indicates a newly installed roof.

**Roof Conditions**

	% of total roof Area	Component Rating	% of total roof Area	System Rating
--	----------------------	------------------	----------------------	---------------

**Roof System type:**

Built-Up:		
EPDM		
PVC / TPO		
Metal	100	5
Slate		
Shingle	100	5

**Perim Conditions:**

Parapet		
Edge	100	4

**Flashings:**

Built-up		
EPDM		
PVC / TPO		
Metal	100	5

**Drains:** N/A

Interior		
Scuppers		
Gutters		
other		

**Rising Walls:**

BRICK		
METAL		
WOOD		
SIDING		
(DORMER)	100	4

**Ponding :** N/A

Built-up	
EPDM	
PVC / TPO	

**Leaks** None / Every Rain / During Severe Events / Occasionally / Unknown

**General Condition Notes:**

Ridge cap damaged on north side  
 Roof is lapped and face fastened  
 Numerous metal roof panels loose at panel transitions and end conditions due to fastener pullout  
 Holes in roof on east side  
 Holes in roof on north west storage area  
 Chimney is in poor condition

**Recommendations:**

Repair ridge cap  
 Refasten loose roof panels. Consider total removal and replacement of nails with screws with EPDM washers

SUBMITTED BY: EDE

SHEET 1 OF 2

ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM: CONTINUATION

FACILITY NAME: King Farm Barn B	GALE JN: 655263
ADDRESS: 1600 Frederick Road	INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10
CLIENT: City of Rockville	

**Recommendations (cont.):**

- Repair holes in roof
- Rebuild chimney

**Repair Costs: \$4500-\$5000**



## PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION



Photo 1: View of roof. Note unattached roof panels



Photo 2: View of hole in roof.

**Gale Associates, Inc.**  
**ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM**

INVENTORY CONTROL NUMBER: 39

FACILITY NAME: King Farm Barn C GALE JN: 655263  
 ADDRESS: 16100 Frederick Road  
 CLIENT: City of Rockville INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10

OVERALL SYSTEM RATINGS  
 BUILT-UP: \_\_\_\_\_  
 EPDM: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PVC / TPO: \_\_\_\_\_  
 SLATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
 METAL: \_\_\_\_\_ **5**  
 SHINGLE: \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE:  
 Rating system is based on a 10 point system.  
 1 indicates a failed roof system,  
 10 indicates a newly installed roof.

**Roof Conditions**

	% of total roof Area	Component Rating		% of total roof Area	System Rating
<b>Roof System type:</b>			<b>Perim Conditions:</b>		
Built-Up:			Parapet		
EPDM			Edge	100	3
PVC / TPO					
Metal	100	5			
Slate					
Shingle					
<b>Flashings:</b>			<b>Drains:</b> N/A		
Built-up			Interior		
EPDM			Scuppers		
PVC / TPO			Gutters		
Metal	100	5	other		
<b>Rising Walls:</b>			<b>Ponding :</b> N/A		
BRICK			Built-up		
METAL			EPDM		
WOOD			PVC / TPO		
SIDING	100	3			

**Leaks** None / Every Rain / During Severe Events / Occasionally / Unknown

**General Condition Notes:**

Roof is lapped and race fastened panel  
 Numerous roof panels are loose at transitions and end conditions due to fastener pullout  
 Panels are generally rusty at eave edge  
 Isolated damaged panels on silos

**Recommendations:**

Reattach loose roof panels. Consider installing new fasteners throughout  
 Replace missing panels on silos  
 Prime and paint rusty panels

**Repair Costs: \$4000-\$4500**

## PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION



Photo 1: View of roof. Note bent roof panels



Photo 2: View of roof. Note loose roof panels.

**Gale Associates, Inc.**  
**ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM**

INVENTORY CONTROL NUMBER: 40

FACILITY NAME: Homestead Building- King Farm

GALE JN: 655263

ADDRESS: 16100 Frederick Avenue Rockville, Md.

CLIENT: City of Rockville

INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10

**OVERALL SYSTEM RATINGS**

BUILT-UP: \_\_\_\_\_  
 EPDM: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PVC / TPO: \_\_\_\_\_  
 SLATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
 METAL: 7  
 SHINGLE: \_\_\_\_\_

**NOTE:**

Rating system is based on a 10 point system.  
 1 indicates a failed roof system,  
 10 indicates a newly installed roof.

**Roof Conditions**

% of total roof Area	Component Rating	% of total roof Area	System Rating
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**Roof System type:**

Built-up		
EPDM		
PVC / TPO		
Metal	100	7
Slate		
Shingle		

**Perim Conditions:**

Parapet		
Edge	100	6

**Flashings:**

Built-up		
EPDM		
PVC / TPO		
Metal	100	7

**Drains:**

Interior	1	6
Scuppers		
Gutters	99	6
other		

**Rising Walls:**

CMU		
METAL	100	7
EIFS		

**Ponding :** N/A

Built-up	
EPDM	
PVC / TPO	

**Leaks** None / Every Rain / During Severe Events / Occasionally

**General Condition Notes:**

METAL ROOF-MAIN

Loose metal shingle SE corner of main roof at hip  
 Debris in gutters  
 Gutter loose/ sagging NW corner main roof

METAL ROOF-CARPORT

Tree limbs and debris on roof  
 Edge metal damaged east side of roof

**Recommendations:**

Resecure loose shingle  
 Clean gutters  
 Resecure and/or replace damaged section of gutter on main roof  
 Trim tree limbs and remove debris from carport roof  
 Repair damaged edge metal on carport

**Repair Costs: \$800-\$900**

**SUBMITTED BY:** EDE

SHEET 1 OF 1

**PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION**



Photo 1: Overall view of building.



Photo 2: Close up view of roof. Note loose gutter.

**Gale Associates, Inc.**  
**ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM**

INVENTORY CONTROL NUMBER: 41

FACILITY NAME: King Farm Pole Barn GALE JN: 655263  
 ADDRESS: 16100 Frederick Road  
 CLIENT: City of Rockville INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10

OVERALL SYSTEM RATINGS  
 BUILT-UP: \_\_\_\_\_  
 EPDM: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PVC / TPO: \_\_\_\_\_  
 SLATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
 METAL: \_\_\_\_\_ **9**  
 SHINGLE: \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE:  
 Rating system is based on a 10 point system.  
 1 indicates a failed roof system,  
 10 indicates a newly installed roof.

**Roof Conditions**

	% of total roof Area	Component Rating		% of total roof Area	System Rating
<b>Roof System type:</b>			<b>Perim Conditions:</b>		
Built-Up:			Parapet		
EPDM			Edge	100	9
PVC / TPO					
Face Fastened Metal Lapped:	100	9			
Slate					
Shingle					
<b>Flashings:</b>			<b>Drains:</b>		
N/A			N/A		
Built-up			Interior		
EPDM			Scuppers		
PVC / TPO			Gutters		
Metal			other		
<b>Rising Walls:</b>			<b>Ponding :</b>		
N/A			N/A		
BRICK			Built-up		
METAL			EPDM		
WD Siding			PVC / TPO		

**Leaks** None (open sides) / Every Rain / During Severe Events / Occasionally / Unknown

**General Condition Notes:**  
 Roof is in good condition  
 Estimated age is approximately 2 years

**Recommendations:**  
 No repairs required

**Repair Costs: \$0**

## PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION



Photo 1: Overall view of building.



Photo 2: Overall view of building.

ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM

FACILITY NAME: King Farm Horse Barn	GALE JN: 655263
ADDRESS: 16100 Frederick Road	INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10
CLIENT: City of Rockville	

OVERALL SYSTEM RATINGS

BUILT-UP: \_\_\_\_\_  
 EPDM: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PVC / TPO: \_\_\_\_\_  
 SLATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
 METAL: **3 to 4**  
 SHINGLE: \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE:

Rating system is based on a 10 point system.  
 1 indicates a failed roof system,  
 10 indicates a newly installed roof.

Roof Conditions

	% of total roof Area	Component Rating		% of total roof Area	System Rating
Roof System type:			Perim Conditions:		
Built-Up:			Parapet		
EPDM			Edge	100	
PVC / TPO					
METAL:	100	3 to 4			
Slate					
Shingle					
Flashings: N/A			Drains: N/A		
Built-up			Interior		
EPDM			Scuppers		
PVC / TPO			Gutters		
Metal			other		
Rising Walls: N/A			Ponding : N/A		
BRICK			Built-up		
METAL			EPDM		
WD Siding			PVC / TPO		

Leaks None / Every Rain / During Severe Events / Occasionally / Unknown

General Condition Notes:

Structural damage on south west side of roof – 4 support beams damaged (broken)  
 Surface rust on metal roof (face fastened)  
 Face fasteners backed out on roof throughout  
 Isolated holes in roof  
 Chimney cap is in poor condition  
 Fascia board loose/missing in several locations

Recommendations:

Repair structural damage  
 Scrape, prime, and paint roof panels



ROOF INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT FORM: CONTINUATION

FACILITY NAME: King Farm Horse Barn

GALE JN: 655263

ADDRESS: 16100 Frederick Road

CLIENT: City of Rockville

INSPECTION DATE: 06/07/10

**Recommendations (cont.):**

- Repair holes in roof
- Repair chimney cap
- Replace/fasten fascia board

**Repair Costs: \$12000-\$15000**

## PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION



Photo 1: View of roof. Note loose roof panels and belly in roof.



Photo 2: Interior of building. Note broken structural supports

# Fungal Glossary



Laboratory Testing Services Since 1981

## Ascospores

Natural Habitat	◆ Everywhere in nature
Suitable Substrates in the Indoor Environment	◆ Depends on genus and species
Water Activity	◆ Depends on genus and species
Mode of Dissemination	◆ Forcible ejection or passive release and dissemination by wind or insects
Allergenic Potential	◆ Depends on genus and species
Potential Opportunist or Pathogen	◆ Depends on genus and species
Industrial Uses	◆ Depends on genus and species
Potential Toxins Produced	◆ Depends on genus and species
Other Comments	◆ Ascospores are the result of sexual reproduction and produced in a saclike structure called an ascus. All ascospores belong to members of the Phylum Ascomycota, which encompasses a plethora of genera worldwide.

# Fungal Glossary



Laboratory Testing Services Since 1981

## Aspergillus

Natural Habitat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Soil</li><li>◆ Plant debris</li></ul>
Suitable Substrates in the Indoor Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Grows on a wide range of substrates indoors</li><li>◆ Prevalent in water damaged buildings</li></ul>
Water Activity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Aw=0.75-0.94</li></ul>
Mode of Dissemination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Wind</li></ul>
Allergenic Potential	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA) which is common in asthmatic and cystic fibrosis patients</li><li>◆ Aspergillus sinusitis</li><li>◆ Invasive aspergillosis in immunocompromised patients</li></ul>
Potential Opportunist or Pathogen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Aspergilloma and chronic pulmonary aspergillosis in people with lung disease</li></ul>
Industrial Uses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ <i>A. sojae</i> is used for fermented food and beverages in Asia</li><li>◆ <i>A. oryzae</i> is used in soy sauce production</li><li>◆ <i>A. terreus</i> produces mevinoxin which is able reduce blood cholesterol</li><li>◆ <i>A. niger</i> produces enzymes used to make some breads and beers and is also used in plastic decomposition</li><li>◆ <i>A. niger</i> and <i>A. ochraceus</i> are used in cortisone production</li></ul>
Potential Toxins Produced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ 3-Nitropropionic acid, 5-metoxystermatocystin, Aflatoxin B1, B2, Aflatoxin G1, G2, Aflatoxin M1, M2, Aflatoxin P1, Aflatoxin Q1, Aflatoxins, Aflatrem (alkaloid), Aflatrem (indole alkaloid), Aflavinin, Ascalidol, Aspergillilic acid, Aspergillomarasmin, Aspertoxin, Asteltoxin, Austamid, Austdiol, Austins, Austocystins, Avenaciolide, Brevianamide A, Candidulin, Citreoviridin,, Citrinin, Clavatul, Cyclopiazonic acid, Cyclopiazonic acid, Cytochalasin E, Emodin, Fumagillin, Fumigaclavine A, Fumigatin, Fumitremorgens, Fumitremorgin A, Gliotoxin, Griseofulvin, Helvolic acid, Kojic acid, Kotanin, Malformins, Naphtopyrones, Neoaspergillilic acid, Nidulin, Nidulotoxin, Nigragillin, Ochratoxin A, Ochratoxin B, Ochratoxin C, Ochratoxins β, Ochratoxins α, Ochratoxins (A,B,C,α, β, γ), Orlandin, Oryzacinin, Paspaline, Patulin, Penicillic acid, Phthioic acid, Secalonic acid A, B, D and F, Sphingofungins, Spinulosin, Sterigmatocystin, Terphenyllin, Terredional, Terreic acid, Terrein, Terretinin, Terretinin, Territrem A, Tryptoquivalines, Verruculogen, Versicolorin A, Viomellein, Viriditoxin, Xanthocillin, Xanthomegnin, β-nitropropionic acid</li></ul>
Other Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ It is the second most common opportunistic pathogen following <i>Candida</i></li></ul>

# Fungal Glossary



Laboratory Testing Services Since 1981

## ***Cladosporium***

Natural Habitat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Dead plant matter</li><li>◆ Straw</li><li>◆ Soil</li><li>◆ Woody Plants</li></ul>
Suitable Substrates in the Indoor Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Fiberglass duct liner</li><li>◆ Paint</li><li>◆ Textiles</li><li>◆ Found in high concentration in water-damaged building materials</li></ul>
Water Activity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Aw 0.84-0.88</li></ul>
Mode of Dissemination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Air</li></ul>
Allergenic Potential	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Type I (asthma and hay fever)</li></ul>
Potential Opportunist or Pathogen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Edema</li><li>◆ keratitis</li><li>◆ onychomycosis</li><li>◆ pulmonary infections</li><li>◆ sinusitis</li></ul>
Industrial Uses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Produces 10 antigens</li></ul>
Potential Toxins Produced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Cladosporin</li><li>◆ Emodin</li></ul>

# Fungal Glossary

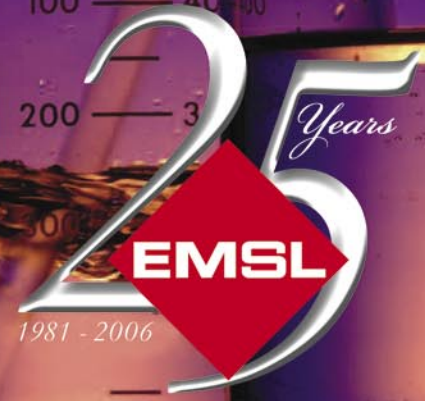


Laboratory Testing Services Since 1981

## Penicillium

Natural Habitat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Soil</li><li>◆ Seed</li><li>◆ Cereal crops</li></ul>
Suitable Substrates in the Indoor Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Foods (blue mold on cereals, fruits, vegetables, dried foods)</li><li>◆ House dust</li><li>◆ Fabrics</li><li>◆ Leather</li><li>◆ Wallpaper</li><li>◆ Wallpaper glue</li></ul>
Water Activity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Aw=0.78-0.86</li></ul>
Mode of Dissemination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Wind</li><li>◆ Insects</li></ul>
Allergenic Potential	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Type I (hay fever, asthma)</li><li>◆ Type III (hypersensitivity)</li></ul>
Potential Opportunist or Pathogen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Penicilliosis</li></ul>
Industrial Uses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ <i>P. chrysogenum</i> for the antibiotic penicillin</li><li>◆ <i>P. griseofulvum</i> for the antibiotic griseofulvin</li><li>◆ <i>P. roquefortii</i> for Roquefort cheese</li><li>◆ <i>P. camemberti</i> for Camembert cheese</li><li>◆ Brie, Gorgonzola, and Danish Blue cheese are also the products of <i>Penicillium</i></li><li>◆ Used to cure ham and salami</li><li>◆ Production of organic acids such as fumaric, oxalic, gluconic, and gallic</li></ul>
Potential Toxins Produced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Citrinin</li><li>◆ Citreoviridin</li><li>◆ Cyclopiazonic acid</li><li>◆ Fumitremorgen B</li><li>◆ Grisiofulvin</li><li>◆ Janthitremis</li><li>◆ Mycophenolic acid</li><li>◆ Paxilline</li><li>◆ Penitrem A</li><li>◆ Penicillic acid</li><li>◆ Ochratoxins</li><li>◆ Roquefortine C</li><li>◆ Secalonic acid D</li><li>◆ Verruculogen</li><li>◆ Verrucosidin</li><li>◆ Viomellein</li><li>◆ Viridicatumtoxin</li><li>◆ Xanthomegnin</li></ul>
Other Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ <i>Penicillium</i> is one of the most common genera of fungi</li></ul>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Alexopoulos, C.J., Mims, C.W., Blackwell, M. 1996. John Wiley and Sons</li></ul>

# Fungal Glossary



Laboratory Testing Services Since 1981

## ***Pithomyces***

Natural Habitat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Leaf litter</li><li>◆ Soils</li><li>◆ Tree bark</li></ul>
Suitable Substrates in the Indoor Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Paper</li></ul>
Water Activity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Requires high moisture level for spore germination</li></ul>
Mode of Dissemination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Wind</li></ul>
Allergenic Potential	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Unknown</li></ul>
Potential Opportunist or Pathogen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Etiologic agent in immunocompromised patients</li></ul>
Industrial Uses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Unknown</li></ul>
Potential Toxins Produced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Cyclodepsipeptides</li><li>◆ Sporidesmin</li><li>◆ Sporidesmolides</li></ul>

# Fungal Glossary



Laboratory Testing Services Since 1981

## ***Stachybotrys***

Natural Habitat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Decaying plant materials</li><li>◆ Soil</li></ul>
Suitable Substrates in the Indoor Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Water damaged building materials such as: ceiling tiles, gypsum board, insulation backing, sheet rock, and wall paper</li><li>◆ Paper</li><li>◆ Textiles</li></ul>
Water Activity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Aw=0.94</li></ul>
Mode of Dissemination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Insects</li><li>◆ Water</li><li>◆ Wind</li></ul>
Allergenic Potential	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Type I (hay fever, asthma)</li></ul>
Potential Opportunist or Pathogen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Unknown</li></ul>
Industrial Uses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Unknown</li></ul>
Potential Toxins Produced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Cyclosporins</li><li>◆ Macrocyclic trichothecenes: roridin E, satratoxin F, G &amp; H, sporidesmin G, trichoverrol, verrucarin J</li><li>◆ Stachybotryolactone</li></ul>
Other Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ <i>Stachybotrys</i> may play a role in the development of sick building syndrome. The presence of this fungus can be significant due to its ability to produce mycotoxins. Exposure to the toxins can occur through inhalation, ingestion, or skin exposure</li></ul>